

?????????
PHOTOGRAPHIC PROBLEMS
?????????
Let us help you solve them.
FRANCIS WU'S STUDIO
Gloucester Arcade

CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR OVER ONE HUNDRED YEARS

No. 33390.

HONG KONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1946.

Price: 10 Cents.

We Buy and Sell
TYPEWRITERS
CALCULATING MACHINES
also Anything and Everything
for OFFICE MACHINES
Excellent Service
HONGKONG TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE
9, D'Aguilar St. Tel. 21483.

GOVERNMENT SALARIES

No Decision Yet On Payment

Recommendations To Be Made

No official decision has yet been reached on the question of salary payments to Government officers who were not interned — no decision has been reached on payment of civil defence workers who were not interned — cheques drawn in Stanley Internment Camp have been sent to the Colonial Office — ex-gratia grants are to be made to Civil Servants who were not interned.

These replies were given by spokesman for Government in response to questions at yesterday's Legislative Council meeting.

The Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo asked: "Will Government make a statement on its policy regarding payment of salary for the period of the Japanese occupation to officers who were not interned?"

The Hon. Mr. C. G. S. Folows, Financial Secretary, replied: "His Majesty's Government is prepared to give further consideration to this matter in the light of local conditions and will await the recommendations of this Government before reaching a final decision. These recommendations will be prepared as expeditiously as possible and in consultation with officials as well as official advisers of Government."

Civil Defence Pay

The Hon. Mr. R. D. Gillespie asked: "Will Government make a statement as to what is being done with regard to pay due to Civil Defence Services for the war period?"

The Hon. Mr. C. G. S. Folows, Financial Secretary, replied: "All male civil defence workers who were interned are receiving ex-gratia payments at rates appropriate to their ranks in respect of the whole period during which they were interned. Such payments are subject to a deduction of 10% and the maximum amount payable in any one case is limited to £1,500."

"Women members of civil defence units who were interned but who are not normally dependent on their own earnings are receiving an ex-gratia payment of three months' salary. No final decision has yet been reached in regard to the payment of civil defence workers who were not interned by the Japanese."

Stanley Cheques

The Hon. Mr. R. D. Gillespie asked: "Will Government state what is being done with the cheques drawn in Stanley, which, by order of Mr. Gimson dated Sept. 1, 1945, were deposited with the Controller of Currency?"

The Hon. Mr. C. G. S. Folows, Financial Secretary, replied: "In view of the desirability of adopting a common policy for the disposal of cheques issued in internment camps in British Dependencies and of the fact that the majority of the persons concerned in these transactions were absent from the Colony, all cheques handed over to this Government were forwarded to the Colonial Office for disposal. In cases where letters have been received asking for the return of the cheques, the writers have been advised to make application to the Under Secretary of State for the Colonies."

Ex-Gratia Grants

The Hon. Dr. S. N. Chau asked: "With reference to recent correspondence in the Press on the subject of gratuities to Civil Servants who were not interned during the Japanese Occupation, will the Hon. the Colonial Secretary kindly state whether the Government will make any promise to pay such Civil Servants any gratuity, and if so, what are the terms and whether and when such promise will be implemented?"

The Hon. Mr. C. G. S. Folows, Financial Secretary, replied: "In accordance with instructions received from the Secretary of State, His Majesty's Government is not at present in a position to make any statement on this subject."

MUFTI POPS UP IN CAIRO

Cairo, June 20.

The Mufti of Jerusalem was last night received by King Farouk of Egypt, it was officially announced early this morning.

According to a Palace announcement, the Mufti said that he was a "refugee of the Egyptian royal family."

A communiqué issued by King Farouk's Cabinet stated that at 8 o'clock last night, the Mufti "arrived suddenly at Abdin Palace. When approached, King Farouk gave the Mufti permission for an audience."

The Mufti left France on a false passport on May 29 in an American plane, which arrived in Cairo the same night. — Reuter.

London Reaction

London, June 20. Consultations on possible moves to be taken by the British regarding the appearance of the Mufti of Jerusalem in Cairo were going on in the Foreign Office this morning and the matter may be discussed by the Cabinet.

Now that the Mufti is taking refuge in the palace of King Farouk, it is reliably believed that his action will be a source of considerable embarrassment to the British Government.

The first reaction of informed observers here this morning is that the Mufti has made good his flight from the British authorities. He has not only returned to the Middle East but has sought the protection of a Government with whom Britain's relations are already regarded as delicate through the current treaty revision negotiations.

Official statements here since the Mufti's flight from Paris was announced have not yet made it clear what Britain will do if the Mufti is caught. Even the legal position is rather vague but an official British spokesman has announced the following:—

1. That "we should be glad to have him in our hands," as the Minister of State, Mr. Philip Noel Baker said in the House of Commons yesterday.
2. That Britain was anxious

DISCIPLINE

Moscow, June 20. The Soviet armed forces today received new rules on discipline by order of Generalissimo Stalin as Minister for Armed Forces.

The new rules reflect changes which have taken place in the organization and disciplinary practice of the Soviet armed forces in recent years. — Reuter.

Cinemas May Go On Strike

Projection-room operators of 32 cinemas in the Colony yesterday handed their employers a 72-hour ultimatum setting the deadline at 3 p.m. Sunday for acceptance of their demand for increased remuneration.

The men asked for the payment of a rehabilitation allowance of \$84 a month as fixed by the Government. The employers made a counter-offer of a 20 per cent increase on existing pay in lieu of such allowance.

Existing pay of the men varies from \$90-odd in the smaller theatres to about \$300 at King's and Queen's.

Negotiations have been going on for over two months, and the men shaded down their demands considerably until they had abandoned all demands for increase in wages and confined their request to the payment of a rehabilitation allowance, which they considered the most equitable solution of the dispute since everyone would be getting the same amount to cover increased cost of living, irrespective of existing pay.

Theatre owners met yesterday afternoon after the receipt of the ultimatum and it is understood they will be seeing the Labour Officer today.

to prevent the Mufti's return to the Middle East.

3. Though the Mufti would be liable to arrest if found on British territory, he is not considered a war criminal but is

(Continued on Page 8)

Fabulous Treasure Recovered

Singapore, June 20.

A high official here said today that British special agents have recovered a £1,500,000 cache of gold, currency and jewels, including diamonds as "big as a thumbnail" in a fabulous East Indian theft which he described as "far bigger than the theft of the Hesse crown jewels."

He said the treasure was privately-owned property which was appropriated by the Japanese during the occupation of the East Indies. The hoard was later recovered by Allied authorities and then stolen.

The official, who declined permission to use his name, said a Batavia-Java ring, composed of British, Dutch and Japanese nationals, has been smashed, but added that several "high ranking officers" might be involved before the investigations of the thefts are completed.

A British Headquarters spokesman confirmed that a British officer and a sergeant have already been arrested in Batavia and said "there is considerable truth in press reports from Java."

British Headquarters have refused to divulge any details, since secrecy has been ordered until the round-up of the alleged conspirators has been completed. From fully reliable sources, however, it was learned that eight Dutch civilians have been jailed in Java and a considerable number of additional arrests are expected, including British personnel now in

Ten Trunks

The informant said 10 trunks of precious stones, gold and money are involved, including every "kind of jewellery that can be imagined." Another official said the loot was originally private property of Netherlands, Indonesians and Chinese throughout the Netherlands East Indies.

It is said to have been collected under the supervision of a Japanese officer during the war. When the Japanese surrendered, Japanese and Indonesians buried the treasure, but distributed a considerable portion to those who know of its existence, in return for a promise of secrecy.

Later, Allied authorities recovered the cache but it disappeared from their custody, after which British special police entered the case and finally solved it with Dutch co-operation. The Dutch are reported to be ready to start the trials of those connected with the theft in 10 days. — Associated Press.

TYPHOON WARNING

The Royal Observatory reported late last night that pressure remains highest in the Pacific East of Japan and low over China generally. A typhoon is situated about 360 miles East-by-North of Manila and is intensifying. It is moving West-North-West. The Harbour Office warned shipping yesterday that the typhoon might be near Hong Kong on Saturday. It is too early to say whether or not it will actually hit Hong Kong but the Colony should at least feel its effects late Saturday or early Sunday in the shape of strong winds, etc.

"Duntroon" Due In July

It is officially revealed that the Hong Kong Government has gratefully accepted the offer of the Government of Australia to allow the "Duntroon" to make one trip to bring former Hong Kong residents back to Hong Kong, with the proviso that the ship is allowed to continue her voyage to Shanghai.

The Hong Kong Government has had to make this proviso because accommodation here being so strained, and coastal shipping so infrequent, it is not possible to accommodate transit passengers to Shanghai.

The "Duntroon" is expected to carry 353 Hong Kong passengers and nearly 100 for Shanghai. The ship will probably sail during the first week in July.

AMERICAN ZIONIST PETITION

Washington, June 20. The British Embassy stated yesterday that they were forwarding to Whitehall a petition by American Zionists against the British policy in Palestine.

Young Zionists made a protest march to the embassy where they presented a petition calling for the immediate admission of 100,000 Jews into Palestine. One of the petitioners said that Lord Inverchapel, British Ambassador to the United States, explained the recent Palestine speech by Mr. Ernest Bevin, Britain's foreign minister, with the words "all of us things in haste which we regret later. You must have faith in the British—the British are slow, and made mistakes." — Associated Press.

"Otranto" Due At 9 A.M. Today

A special bus service between town and Repulse Bay is to be started as from today. This has been made necessary by the arrangements of Government to house a large number of the new arrivals by the Otranto at the Repulse Bay Hotel.

The bus service will be half-hourly during the normal rush hours, and hourly during the quieter periods of the day.

The first bus will leave Repulse Bay Hotel at 7 a.m. daily and the last bus from town to Repulse Bay will leave at 9.30 p.m.

The Otranto is now expected to arrive off the Kowloon wharves at about 9 a.m. today and to dock by 10 a.m. at the latest. It is, therefore, expected that the preliminary work of the police, immigration and health authorities will be completed in time to allow members of the public to go on board and meet their relatives and friends by noon.

The "All Clear" will be given by signal from the Otranto. A Government spokesman said yesterday that the C.S.O. were highly gratified by the response to their appeal to residents of offering accommodation to arrivals by Otranto to provide details.

Britain Should Lead World

London, June 20. Britain should lead the world in aircraft production, Sir Frederick Handley Page, President of the Royal Aeronautical Society, told members of the Gauge and Toolmakers Association here today.

Sir Frederick forecast that with sufficient flexibility, without waste of tools and manpower, Britain would develop the aircraft industry, in accordance with consumers' needs, because this industry, like shipbuilding, would never become one of mass production.

While it was evident that Britain is no longer the workshop of the world, between the United States and Soviet Russia, this country must develop and continue its "engineer" manufacture in the engineering industry which was at one time its own, he said. — Reuter.

Bidault New French President

Paris, June 20. M. Georges Bidault, French Foreign Minister, was today elected President of the new French Government.

M. Bidault was not present at the Assembly when the result of the presidential election was announced. The "Big Four" Ministers' meeting had adjourned earlier than usual on his account, but M. Bidault was unable to reach the Chamber of Deputies in time.

It is learned authoritatively that the new President of the French Government will tonight plunge into the complex task of forming his cabinet.

There were heated scenes when the deputies met to select the new head of the French Government. M. Ducloux said that the Communists, "in the superior interest of the nation" would not put up a candidate to match the Progressive Catholic leader, M. Bidault, for the presidency, but at the same time would not vote for him.

Speaking for the Socialist Party, M. Depierre said Socialists would vote for M. Bidault, but failed to state the party's intentions concerning government participation.

M. Herriot, former French Premier and at present Radical Party leader, told the deputies that his party would support M. Bidault, but like M. Depierre did not state whether his party would take part in the government. — Reuter.

GOVT. STATEMENT ON "NATIONAL TIMES"

Government's reasons for suppression of the "National Times" for one month were fully explained by the Colonial Secretary, the Hon. Mr. D. M. MacDougall, at yesterday's meeting of the Legislative Council.

Replying to the Hon. Dr. Chau Sik-nin, the Colonial Secretary stated:—

"The Government welcomes this opportunity of making a statement about the official action taken against the 'National Times' on the 8th of this month, and of correcting certain misapprehensions which have arisen."

"The facts are that the 'National Times' published an article on June 7 urging its readers in plain words to capture alive a local editor and to smash his newspaper to pieces. In no civilised country in the world could such a public invitation to disregard the law be allowed to pass unchecked. The Government decided that the proper action to take was to suspend the publication of the 'National Times' forthwith."

Law Flouted

"It must be remembered that the restoration of the rule of law after the anarchy and chaos left by the Japanese is a vital problem for every Government in the Far East area and that the circumstances in Hong Kong as elsewhere are as yet far from normal. Scarcely a week has passed without the police being fired on in the streets of our city. Every means must be taken to curb the prevalent tendency to lawlessness."

"It was in this situation that it was considered necessary some months ago to call the attention of the press of Hong Kong to the danger of hasty or irresponsible comment and to issue a warning that if necessary any newspaper which published inflammatory matter would be suspended."

"The comments of the 'National Times' on June 7 in the opinion of the Government flouted the whole conception of the rule of law by inviting its readers to take the law into their own hands. The Government desires it to be clearly understood that publication of matter of this nature will not be tolerated."

Not Pre-Judged

"It is a complete misunderstanding of the position to suppose that the Government in this matter is in any way inclined to pre-judge applications which may be made by official quarters in China for cooperation in the arrest and punishment of persons who have collaborated with the enemy."

"On the contrary as this Council is aware, we have taken pains in consultation with our Chinese Allies to introduce urgent and special legislation to continue to meet China's wishes in regard to the surrender of proved traitors. Nothing can be more calculated to retard the joint plans of China and ourselves than newspaper articles advising complete disregard of these carefully devised measures of law."

(Continued on Page 8).

Bomb Damage Hid Roman Building

London, June 20. Clearance of German bomb damage revealed a second century Roman building beneath shattered premises near London Bridge station today. This marks the first important find to be made by the Council of British Archaeology, now surveying bombed areas in Southwark.

The Roman building consists of a courtyard surrounded by rooms, and appears to be part of a large building extending beyond the uncovered site. Beneath are signs of primitive timber buildings which might be earlier Roman or pre-Roman remains.

Among the Roman relics unearthed are a little clay figurine, coins, bone needles and fragments of pottery. A medieval find is a stone mould about one and a half inches high, apparently for making bronze figures. Work will be started shortly on the site in the district. — Reuter.

China Light Strike Threat

The demand of workers at the China Light Power Plant for a revision of pay and working conditions came to a head last night when a mass meeting voted for a strike if no satisfaction was obtained from the Company.

The poll followed a decision taken at a mass meeting held the previous night at which dissatisfaction was expressed over the attitude of the Company in the negotiations, and the men were asked to decide for themselves whether, of their own free will, they would strike or not.

Last night's meeting appointed a committee with full powers to demand a final answer from the management and to call a strike within 24 hours if necessary. A picket committee was formed to function in case a strike is called.

Representatives of the men will call on Major Chauvin today in a final attempt to achieve an amicable settlement.

The dispute between the men and the Company began over a month ago, before the men at the Hong Kong Electric Co. went on strike. They presented the management with a set of similar demands.

When the strike on the Hong Kong side was settled, the men pressed their demands. In the course of the negotiations the men complained that the Company tried to introduce certain modifications while the men insisted on being given the same pay and terms as the Hong Kong men. Matters dragged on, and on one occasion on June 14, due to a misunderstanding, the men went on a one-hour sit-down strike.

Today the men will ask the Company for the same basic pay and working conditions as those accorded the employees of the Hong Kong Electric Co., or they will call a strike.

Shop-keepers Have Jitters

Shop-keepers with gold rings and watches for sale are beginning to suffer badly from the jitters these days. One never knows when a gentleman with a gun will pop in and borrow one or three.

Yesterday, it was the turn of the Tak On Watch Company, 207, Nathan Road. They kept late hours in the Tak On and were not put out when two men came in at 9 p.m. and asked to be shown some watches.

Two more customers arrived and, in the confusion over such a brisk turn in business at that hour of the night, no one really noticed exactly when the first two left, except that it was very sudden.

One of the shop boys darted out from behind the counter in pursuit, but almost tore a groove in the floor coming to a sudden halt when the latest arrivals produced a couple of revolvers.

Before backing out and making good their escape, the two men politely informed everyone there was no cause for alarm. The watches had been taken on loan, only and would be returned shortly.

THE WEATHER

Today's forecast:—Light to moderate south-east winds, backing and freshening later; fair to fine.
Yesterday's weather:—
Maximum: 80.1 deg. at 1 p.m.
Minimum: 70.7 deg. at 6 a.m.
Max. Rel. Humidity: 91% at 6 a.m.
Rainfall: Nil.
Sunshine: 12 hours.

THE GRAND CO.
 司公具傢飾裝築建厦大
 Building Contractors,
 Furniture Manufacturers
 Also specialists in
DECORATION and REMODERNIZATION

Reasons why you should patronize us are as simple as "A.B.C."

First of all, all materials used are of the highest quality. Our services will always be prompt, reliable & satisfactory. And yet our charges will always be moderate & reasonable. Please bear in mind always: Do it the GRAND way. It will suit your pocket-book and taste.

Your inspection cordially invited.
 For Particulars Please Phone 26731
 296A/298 Hennessy Road, Hong Kong.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
 LIMITED
 Specialists in Office Equipment
 YORK BLDG. 11 CHATER ROAD,
 HONGKONG
 TELEPHONE 31023

are pleased to announce the resumption of their business.

Sole agents for:—

ROYAL TYPEWRITERS.
 TODD CHEQUEWRITERS.
 STANDARD DUPLICATORS.
 KARDEX VISIBLE INDEXES.
 VICTOR ADDING MACHINES.
 MIMOGRAPH DUPLICATORS.
 ELLIOTT ADDRESSING MACHINES.
 MONROE CALCULATING MACHINES.
 G. F. ALLSTEEL OFFICE FURNITURE.
 PITNEY BOWES MAILING MACHINES.
 DICTAPHONE DICTATING MACHINES.
 KEELON RIBBONS & CARBON PAPERS.

Limited Stocks Arriving
 Prompt Repair Services.

Watch for the publication date of
TA CHUNG PAO
 (大 中 報)
 The Most Up-to-date, Impartial and
INDEPENDENT
 Chinese Daily Newspaper
 to be published and edited by
VETERAN CHINESE JOURNALISTS
 who have been in the field of Journalism,
 both Chinese & Foreign, throughout China
 for many years.

Business Dept.: 97, Bonham Strand, East,
 Telephone: 27985.
 Editorial Dept.: 44, D'Arquill Street,
 Telephone: 33435.

Either men or women, old or young,
 as soon as you taste it you'll like it.
DRINK OUR fragrant
LYCHEE
KEEMUN TEA
 and various other
 kinds of HIGH GRADE
CHINA TEA

WAH SANG TEA MERCHANTS - 131 QUEEN'S RD. C. H. K. TEL. 23594

NOTICE

Exporter of Swiss watches seeks connection with large scale importer of

SWISS WATCHES

Quick deliveries. Payments against letters of credit in Swiss francs or eventually in U.S.A. dollars. Persons interested in this proposition and having import license (if this should be necessary) are invited to write to:—

EHRLER, WINKELRIEDSTRASSE
 36, Luzern, (Switzerland) Telegram Address: neal mac.
 Correspondence in English, French, Italian or German.

CAMERAS, BINOCULARS
 and all EQUIPMENTS
 for Cheap Sale!

Inspection welcome
QUEEN'S CAMERA EXCHANGE & STUDIO
 38 Queen's Road C. (next Queen's Theatre).
 Telephone 24120

CHINA MAIL
 Windsor House

Managing Editor: W. J. Keates.

Telephones: 24054
 Editors & General Office 32312
 (four lines)

Subscription Rates:
 3 months H.K.\$ 9.00
 6 months H.K.\$18.00
 One year H.K.\$36.00

THREAT OF CHAOS

One result of the Foreign Ministers' Conference has been to bring to the fore the crucial necessity of administering Germany as an economic whole. Mr. Byrnes has taken the lead in urging the danger of dismantling industries in accordance with the Potsdam agreement while the country remains "split into four almost watertight compartments," and while the victorious Allies are still without any clearly defined policy for her political future. Mr. Bevin professed that Britain had "a completely open mind" on the future of Germany, and wanted to learn the views of the other Powers—a somewhat astonishing statement if it means that Britain has no concrete views of her own to advance. Russia alone gained substantial food resources in her zone of occupation, which comprises the principal agricultural regions of Germany. The industrial areas held by the Western Allies have had to be supported by heavy food shipments. Mr. Byrnes has revealed that the United States will have spent no less than 200 million dollars by June 30 on importing food into its zone, and expects to spend as much again in the following twelve months. Not unnaturally, he declares that his country "is not prepared to accept" such a financial liability. The burden of feeding the Germans has fallen just as heavily on Great Britain. Dr. Dalton disclosed in his last Budget that the civil administration of the British zone had cost British taxpayers £80 million so that they were, as he remarked, "virtually paying reparations to Germany." More than a year has elapsed since the capitulation without coherent organisation of production in Germany. It is not for want of a plan, since the occupying Powers announced weeks ago that they had agreed on a detailed programme for the economic future of Germany. This provided for the limitation of industrial capacity in various specified fields, the elimination of certain war industries, and an upper limit to foreign trade. Obviously, however, it is quite impossible to impose any such plan of overall control unless the country is administered as an economic whole. There can be no room for doubt as to the answer which must be given, and given promptly, to Mr. Byrnes' question, "whether the zone boundaries should continue as demarcation lines for occupation, and not as barriers to economic exchange within Germany." Whatever long-range plans may be matured at greater leisure, it is imperative that the German economy should be made to function, so that the country which is already a severe drain upon Europe's resources may not drag the Continent down in its own collapse.

GRATUITIES

The official replies to questions in Legislative Council yesterday on the subject of war period salary payments and the award of gratuities did little to clarify the position. Further consideration is being given, recommendations will be prepared as expeditiously as possible, the position is more complicated than was first realised, and every endeavour will be made to speed things up. In short, nothing very concrete emerged and no specific promises were given. It is, of course, a very complicated business, and it is not rendered the less so by the manner in which Government is handling it. It is submitted that there are scores of cases in which very special circumstances arise and these have to be dealt with on their individual merits, if justice is to be done. No great surprise will, therefore, be occasioned by the inability of the government spokesmen to be more specific at this juncture. What is rather surprising, to those on the sidelines, derives from the

Normandy - Battlefields Revisited

BY THE WAY

By Beachcomber

Nature has quickly outstripped man in restoring beauty to the battlefields of Normandy. In the rich and fertile countryside of Calvados, west of the Orne, where the liberation of Europe began just two years ago, the scars of war are healed.

The sleek cows with their freckled faces are grazing again in the lush meadows and orchards. Two seasons have effaced the shell-holes, the tank ruts, the slit trenches and the litter of battle. By contrast there remains the frightful havoc man has wrought against things made by man, which do not grow naturally again: the shattered Western Wall, the countless wrecked vehicles, and, worst of all, the fallen towns and villages. Among these, if the visitor is seeking traces of the Normandy battles, he will find enough.

I began at Benouville, where the airborne spearhead dropped on the night of June 6, 1944. Their memorial, which is the Airborne sign, with a brief inscription in French and English beneath a porch, marks what is now called Pegasus Bridge over the River Orne. Of their arrival there is, of course, no trace.

Beach Wreckage

From there to the western limits of the invasion shore no guidance is required. The beaches are still littered with the heaviest wreckage which four tides each 24 hours for two years could not remove. The sea has been less merciful than the Bogue. At Courseulles, Vir-sur-Mer and Lion-sur-Mer the ancient battlefields and steamers still stand encrusted but erect.

Along the shore, pushed to the limit of the tide, you can see the German underwater obstacles, landing craft, Ducks and bits of emergency harbours. The vast semi-circle of Mulberry still stands before Arromanches, battered and somewhat displaced, but forming a fantastic and apparently immovable tribute to British ingenuity and thoroughness.

It will take more than a Channel storm to shift Mulberry. The inhabitants are pleased to have it there, because, like many other picturesque relics of D-Day, "C'est bon pour les touristes." It looks as if it will survive several seasons of tourists.

Uncleared Minefields

A few hundred yards inland the seaboard is less interesting, and much less good for tourists. In the wilderness, which covers all but main roads to the beaches tattered tape, conventional and unconventional signs, mark countless minefields. Most of these signs may be liars, but no one is anxious to discover which.

In all the seaside towns the surplus paraphernalia of war has been put to good use. Miles of beach track and matting now fill the gaps in walls and fences which the vehicles made soon after leaving the beaches.

Every other man and boy wears some article of Army dress, mostly British. A few hundred quarter-masters would find cause to raise their eyebrows. Denims are wearing very well indeed, and so are oilskins.

Inland, as I have said, it is rather different. All the Army signs, except those of the 60th Division, who painted some on walls, have gone. Off all the main roads most of the wrecked tanks, carriers and trucks have been dragged into huge melancholy dumps, and so has the bulk of the debris.

The wonderfully rich pasture, in which cows can graze the year round and which tank companies cursed in the summer of 1944, conceals almost everything else. You can travel the hard-fought road from Bayeux to Tilly-sur-Seuilles and on to Villers-Bocage or the network of roads around Fontenay-le-Pesnil and Aunay-sur-Odon and find hardly more trace of war outside the villages than can be seen in the lanes of Kent or Sussex.

Very occasionally down less frequented ways one stumbles over the untouched skeletons of an armoured battle. The vehicles stand exactly when mired or "browed up." Only deepening rust marks the passage of time. There are, too, a few tanks which have been turned upside down and have defied removal.

Impression that, very large sums having been paid without a tremor to sterling-salaried officers who were interned, there is, how a lot of haggling going on over trifles.

A Grim Museum

There are several huge vehicle graveyards. In three fields south of Bayeux you will see nearly every type of vehicle which landed. D.D. tanks, armoured cars, scout cars, carriers and trucks stand in long lines. Tanks which did not "brow up" still bear their unit and formation signs, white stars and names. In the mass they make a grim museum.

Outside the bridgehead it will take longer to collect these relics. Along the road which leads to Falaise and Argentan, where a German army was destroyed, the path of the retreat is still clearly marked.

It is startling and moving to find that this extraordinary fertility in Normandy makes the worst damaged towns and

ancient buildings that survived. Thus much of the character of this lovely part of France may not be lost for ever.

I have written only of the country west of the River Orne. There is still one area which even nature has so far failed to reclaim. I took the road now called La Voie Sacrée from Lion-sur-Mer to see a beach cemetery at Hermanville where many of the 3rd Division lie. If you continue south and travel the triangle Caen-Thury-Harcourt-Falaise you will find in skeleton the battle of the Orne.

Leafless Trees

Just before the 7th, 11th and Guards Armoured Divisions crossed the Orne and thrust for the open plain south-east of Caen several thousand bombers went in and cleared their path. In a few hours they obliterated many square miles of countryside. Thousands of trees have died and now are leafless as if it were December.

Villages such as St. Andre, May, Rocquancourt and Carcelles are only names on the map. Their sites are marked by stacks of stone. The fields and meadows are partly overgrown, but sometimes horribly distorted.

Everyone knows what bombs can do to cities. The Orne battlefield, its boundaries still marked by burnt-out tanks, is something new in modern warfare, which even Flanders never knew.

The Normandy peasants, as poor as their cows are rich, remain as stolid as they were when the invasion was swirling about their homes. For two years their women and children have faithfully tended isolated British graves.

The New Cemeteries

Near the main battlefields lie the new cemeteries. They are not finished yet, and the difficult work of concentrating graves made and marked in battle still goes on. There is not much one can properly say of this except that it is being done with extraordinary care and skill.

The new cemeteries in Normandy, I think 18 in all, are not vast affairs but small plots where lie the men who fell nearby. I visited many of them and saw how good this arrangement is.

At Bayeux cemetery, the biggest, there are already 4,000 graves. This is a square plot of perhaps three acres, fenced off, and each grave is marked by a white metal cross bearing the name, rank and unit of the soldier. Very few are unknown. In the centre of every cemetery flutters a Union Jack.

The smallest cemetery I saw was near Jerusalem cross-roads. There are only 50 graves here, lying at the bottom of a little meadow beside the road.

Near Tilly there are 1,200 graves. At Hottot, Fontenay-le-Pesnil and Aunay-sur-Odon there are

The headline "6,000,000 yards of corsets" seems to suggest that the women who want to wear them, if laid end to end, will reach from here to Huddersfield. When the steel industry is nationalised, steel corsets will be a Government affair, and private corset-makers will have to drag girder by night to their secret workshops, to ensure a supply of steel. I only mention this in case.

In Passing

A writer, referring with uneasy complacency to the Stovenage affair, said that the new plan "will involve displacing" the inhabitants of one not very exciting street. But streets that are not very exciting to writers contain the homes of those inferior people who do not write. What is at issue is not whether more trade will come to Stovenage or whether the evicted people will have accommodation provided for them somewhere else, but whether the Englishman have or have not a right to live in their own homes.

The Huntingdonshire Cabmen

(reviewed by George Waughle)

There are two ways of approaching this subject. The cabmen may be treated as a race, as cabmen. The author of this present work has chosen the second method, and with an economy of method which recalls the young Turgenyev has confined himself to the mere presentation of the names of these by no means unclass citizens. One might expect monotony, but the alphabetical arrangement of the names keeps the reader ever on the alert for the unusual, the fantastic or the commonplace. There are surprisingly few errors. ("Gugston, T. L." on page 246, should, of course, be "Grugston, T. L." and why is Hockwood, B., a noted cabman, omitted? Later editions will doubtless remedy these defects in an otherwise admirable analysis of the present cabman situation in Huntingdon.

Upward And Onward

Mrs. Alcombe, the first rocket-plane passenger to be fired at the moon, said, yesterday: "It was all very odd." "Did you reach the moon?" I asked. "Yes," she said. "At least, I suppose it was the moon." "What did you see there?" I asked. "Nothing," she said. "There wasn't time." "No time to look at the moon?" I said incredulously. Then what did you go there for? "They didn't tell me," said Mrs. Alcombe. "I think it was just a sort of trip, or something."

about the same German soldiers are buried there, too, and their plots lie adjacent to the British. There is a good deal of work to do and a great deal of work being done. Hottot, which is terraced and beautifully laid out, is being elaborately decorated with coloured stone.

On many of the graves there are flowers. It is to the honour of the men and women of Normandy, who have suffered and lost so much, that they treat the British graves with as much reverence and devotion as if they were these of their own people.

SUPREME COURT FEUD

Washington, June 20.
 A sweeping investigation of the United States Supreme Court discord

was proposed today by Senator Eastland who earlier joined with Senator Bridges in demanding that four Roosevelt appointees to the Tribunal be removed.

Senator Eastland asked that all eight Justices be called upon for public testimony on the court "feud" before the Senate Judiciary Committee which will consider the constitutional amendment which he and Senator Bridges introduced.

The amendment would force the retirement of four of the present Justices, by limiting to three the number of court members who could hold appointment by any one President.

The places of those retiring would be filled temporarily by House election of Lower Court Justices until a new President chose the successors.

Senator Eastland claimed that the present dissension has produced "inexcusable chaos" in the High Court. The amendment would have to win two-thirds approval by Congress, and then ratification by three-quarters of the State legislatures. Most senators doubt the move will be successful.—Associated Press.

"DEVONSHIRE" IN MALTA

Valetta, June 20.
 The British transport "Devonshire" arrived at Malta yesterday from Egypt, with the heir apparent, Prince Mohamed Ali, aboard. The prince, who is a cousin of King Farouk, is to visit England.—Associated Press.

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



Well, it's o'clock! Now go home and find out what the little woman has been having to put up with all day!

ANOTHER KIDNAPPING

Fifth British Officer Seized By Jews

DEFENCE COUNCIL FOR S.E.A.

Singapore, June 20. SEAC Headquarters announced tonight the establishment of a Southeast Asia Defence Council.

The announcement reads: "A Southeast Asia Defence Council has been set up in Singapore, consisting of the Governor-General, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, as chairman, Lord Killearn and the Acting Supreme Allied Commander.

"It will keep under constant review the defence problems of the area and direct the combined planning of all relevant matters.

"The Governors of British colonies and protectorates in the area and the Commanders-in-Chief of the fighting services will be invited to attend, or send representatives, when matters which affect their responsibilities are under discussion.

"The committee will keep touch with other defence authorities in the Southwest Pacific, especially those in Australia and New Zealand."—Reuter.

Relief For European Jews
New York, June 19. The United Nations Economic and Social Council, sitting as a committee on Tuesday, decided that international relief should be extended to German and Austrian Jews and to persons who live in those countries as foreigners or as stateless persons.

By a six to four vote the committee defeated a British proposal which would not have included foreigners or stateless persons.

A "refugee" to come within the scope of the proposals, was defined as "a person of Jewish origin or having resided in Germany or Austria as a foreigner or stateless person, detained in or obliged to flee from and subsequently returned to one of those countries as a result of enemy action or war circumstances and who has not yet been firmly resettled therein."

It is estimated that 45,000 Jews in Germany and Austria will be affected.—Associated Press.

OLD AGE SCHEME
Washington, June 20. The House Ways and Means Committee has voted to blanket the families of all World War II veterans under the social security old age and survivors insurance programme without cost to the veterans for three years.

The Committee ordered the social law overhauled and Chairman Doughton, Democrat of North Carolina, said he expected Congress to act before the summer recess.

The Committee has already approved the changes, including the blanketing 200,000 maritime workers under the unemployment compensation provisions.—Associated Press.

PROMOTION FOR GEN. CLARK
Washington, June 19. The Senate Military Committee today recommended General Mark Clark, commander of the occupation forces in Austria, for promotion to the permanent rank of Major-General from his present rank of Brigadier-General, although a group of Texas war veterans contended that the lives of their comrades were wasted by General Clark during the Rapido River battle.

The opinion of the Committee was that Clark was worthy of promotion on the basis of his "very fine record."—Associated Press.

Tel-Aviv A City Of The Dead

Telaviv, June 20. A fresh Jewish kidnapping outrage in Palestine is indicated in a bulletin issued by the Palestine police authorities today. It said: "An important British officer, Major Chadwick, is reported to have disappeared. He has not been seen since 1.00 p.m. yesterday. He was expected to attend a conference with the General Officer Commanding, Major-General Sir Evelyn Hugh Barker at 5.30 p.m. but did not."

This announcement, coming 24 hours after the audacious daylight kidnapping yesterday of five British officers in Telaviv, has created an atmosphere of the utmost tension.

Silent and shuttered under the iron curfew, normally teeming Telaviv is a city of the dead today as British troops and police combed the suspected areas for the missing five officers.

An intensive search started at dawn and the only sound in the deserted streets comes from the footsteps of the British troops patrolling with automatic guns at the ready.

Roadblocks manned by men of the British 6th Airborne Division (Red Devils) have been thrown up at every street corner while posts for checking the identity of isolated civilians allowed on the streets have been established at intervals of only 200 yards.

No limit has been placed on the curfew which began at 5.00 a.m. today and long after darkness had fallen last night, Telaviv Jews were queuing outside shops to buy supplies.

Drastic Order
Outside the silent city tanks, armoured cars and aircraft are cooperating with troops and police in concerted moves against the Jewish underground who opened a new phase in terrorist activities on Sunday night with simultaneous attacks on key road and rail bridges throughout Palestine.

The main focus of British activities so far has been the intensive search for Jewish terrorists in Northern Palestine. All roads have been blocked in the area of search and telephone communications cut off to prevent warning signals from settlement to settlement.

A drastic British order today declared that until the officers kidnapped in Telaviv were returned all Jewish premises throughout the country, including hotels, bars, cinemas and restaurants would be out of bounds to Jewish troops. This virtually segregated all Jewish Palestine from the British armed forces and since most places of entertainment are Jewish owned, the effect will be to confine the British services personnel to camps and barracks.

Jews Killed
As far as is known, the kidnapers have hitherto made no move to inform the authorities of their terms for the release of the captives.

It is believed that they will issue an ultimatum demanding the suspension of the sentences of death passed on Jews for terrorists acts in exchange for the return of the officers.

At an emergency meeting last night, the Telaviv Municipal Council passed a resolution, calling on the kidnapers to return the officers unharmed forthwith.

Meanwhile two Jews were fatally injured today when they resisted a military search of the upper Galilee village of Kafra Giladi, near the Lebanese frontier, in an unexplained move which began early today after troops and police had been combing the city of Telaviv for the five British officers kidnapped by Jewish terrorists two nights ago.

In Kafra Giladi, Jewish villagers tried to give help to those resisting the search but were arrested by the militia. The

POLITICS TO BLAME

Palo Alto, Cal, June 20.

Politics, rather than food shortages, are holding up the solution to the world famine problem, says Dr. Karl Brandt, Stanford University economist and economic adviser to the food branch of the American military government in Germany.

The United States could expedite the movement of food by slight changes in grain prices, Dr. Brandt said, adding:—

"You can feed seven to ten times more people with grain as can pigs and cattle fattened with the same grain. It is a matter as to which is more important: letting people die and feeding pigs or vice versa."

Meanwhile, Doctor Otto Piper, of Princeton Seminary, told the Senate Judiciary Subcommittee that Congress should pass legislation allowing the War Department to feed a minimum of 1,650 calories of food daily to the people of occupied countries.

He urged more food for Germany on the grounds that the hungry, diseased population was damaging the morals of American soldiers.

He said that "hunger has driven hundreds of thousands of women of occupied countries into prostitution. When you have slum conditions, you have vice and crime. Add famine—and the situation is accentuated."—Associated Press.

Chairman of the Executive of the Jewish Agency, in an interview with the Colonial Secretary, Mr. George Hall, expressed the Agency's horror and grief at this treacherous act of kidnapping of British officers who had come as guests to a club established by the Jews to extend hospitality to the Allied troops.

Ben Gurion handed Mr. Hall a message for transmission to the Executive of the Jewish Agency in Jerusalem, urging the issue of a strong appeal for every assistance to the authorities in freeing the kidnapped officers as soon as possible.—Reuter and Associated Press

More Jews Try To Beat The Blockade

Rome, June 20. The ship Beauharnois, flying the Panama flag, cut her cables in the small port of Vado, Gulf of Genoa, this morning and sailed in the direction of Palestine with nearly 1,300 Jewish refugees on board, it is learned in Rome tonight.

The ship, which is a learned vessel and about 1,300 a.m. large numbers of civilian lorries were seen approaching the foreshore. Hundreds of people alighted from the lorries and were immediately taken on board the Beauharnois. The local police told Savona headquarters, and 4.00 a.m. a squad of Carabinieri and an armoured car were sent to the scene.

At first the captain, whose name was given as Lichtmann, refused to allow the Carabinieri on board but they eventually gained entry to the ship where they found the Jewish refugees.

The Carabinieri told the captain that he was strictly forbidden to leave Vado, pending further investigations. At about 9.00 a.m. today, the Beauharnois was seen to slip her anchor and make off to the south. Since then no report of her whereabouts has been received.—Reuter.

She proceeded as far as Vado, about five miles from Savona, where she dropped anchor. Becoming suspicious, the Italian authorities kept watch on the

"WEST VIRGINIA" IN MOTH BALLS

Seattle, June 20. The U.S.S. "West Virginia," the gallant battleship which fought its way to Tokyo after coming out of a muddy grave at Pearl Harbor, has been formally inactivated, becoming the first of the United States Navy's big battle-wagons to be put in "moth balls."—Associated Press.

Russian Atom Proposal

New York, June 20.

Russia today proposed that the United Nations atomic energy control commission seek an international agreement for bidding the production and use of atomic weapons.

"Russia also proposed the commission start work after an agreement is obtained on a system of control for atomic development for peaceful purposes.

The proposals were advanced by delegate Andrei Gromyko as the first official Russian reaction to the United States plan offered on June 14.

Gromyko said that production of atomic bombs would likely bring only negative results for peace.

The Russian also said that scientific discoveries could not remain the exclusive property of one country and that they should become available to others.—Associated Press.

Truman Health Message

New York, June 20.

President Truman called for the rebuilding of a world-wide health safeguard which had been disorganized and destroyed by the war, in a message read at the opening today of the international health conference called under United Nations auspices.

Mr. Truman said that the solution of health problems was essential to the welfare and happiness of mankind.

The United Nations secretary general, Trygve Lie, in his opening address, said that the establishment of a world health organization "will be one of the first concrete, constructive steps in the broad, vital programs which the United Nations are undertaking on behalf of all mankind."

Delegates from 61 nations, as well as 16 from non-member countries, are attending the month's conference.—Associated Press.

Browder Out Of Politics

Moscow, June 20.

Earl Browder, former Secretary of the American Communist Party, is leaving Moscow soon to re-present Soviet publishing houses in America and to promote the exchange of Soviet-American literature.

He reiterates that his visit has nothing to do with politics, and that he is out of politics for good.

When asked if there was a chance that he might return to politics, Mr. Browder replied: "When people are out of politics they are so happy they do not want to return."

Mr. Browder did not see Generalissimo Stalin, and saw the Foreign Minister, Mr. Molotov, only once, when he paid a courtesy call.—Reuter.

ORGANIZATION OF SCIENTISTS

Washington, June 19.

W. A. Higginbotham, chairman of the American Federation of Scientists, announced today the formation of an organization to contact scientists abroad in an effort to promote friendship and co-operating among the nations.

He emphasized that no restricted information or technical information of military importance will be sent abroad by the new "Committee for Foreign Correspondence."—Associated Press.

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA LTD.

We have from this date taken over the Management of the Association's affairs in Hong Kong.

GILMAN & CO., LTD.
4A Des Voeux Road C.
Hong Kong, 17th June 1946.

ENSA STAR THEATRE

Presents
VARIETY SECTION

of
HONG KONG STAGE CLUB

in
"TAKE IT EASY"

with
AN ALL SERVICE CAST

TO-NIGHT at 7.30 P.M.
Each Serviceman may bring one Civilian guest.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

CHINA LIGHT & POWER CO., LTD

Due to the cancellation of the Government participation in these undertakings the undersigned much regret that the present charge for electricity must be increased by 80 per cent. as from 16th June 1946 and will apply to all meters read on and after 16th July 1946.

For the seven years before the War the average cost of coal was about \$10 a ton. Today coal is over \$100 a ton, and general expenses have increased considerably.

Consumers are informed that it is the Companies' intention to revise these charges as soon as conditions permit.

Special consideration will be given to consumers requiring a bulk supply.

The charge for meters will not be increased.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
CHINA LIGHT & POWER CO., LTD.

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE HONGKONG GOVERNMENT.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1946.

HONGKONG TRAMWAYS LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY GENERAL MEETING OF HONGKONG TRAMWAYS LIMITED will be held at the Offices of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON AND COMPANY, LIMITED, HONG KONG, on Saturday, the 29th day of June, 1946, at 12 o'clock Noon, to transact the ordinary business of the Company.

By Order of the Board,
W. F. SIMMONS,
Secretary.

Hong Kong, 19th June, 1946.

THE HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK

Conducted by
THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION
Hong Kong

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS

As from October 1st, 1946, the interest rate on minimum balances as provided in Clause 4 of the Rules of the Hong Kong Savings Bank will be at the rate of 1% per annum. Such rate of interest will be subject to be changed at the discretion of the Bank at any time on one calendar month's notice being given by publication in one English and one Chinese newspaper in Hong Kong.

Hong Kong, 20th June, 1946.

METAL POWDERS

For the Paint, Lithographic, Electrode, and other Industries. Firms interested please write: Dohm Ltd., 107, Victoria Street, London S.W.1, England.

Hong Kong, 21st June, 1946.

LAMBERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors and Appraisers, Pedder Building, Telephone No. 20224.

PUBLIC AUCTION

The Undersigned have received instructions from The Custodian of Property to sell by Public Auction on

Friday, the 21st June 1946 commencing at 10.00 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, Pedder Building (basement)

91 LOTS OF MISCELLANEOUS GOODS, comprising:—

Trolley Frames, Rails and Wheels,

Mat Bags, A Tractor, Pitch, Concrete Mixers, Iron Scrap and Iron Ware, A 15 H.P. Engine, Cast Steel Shell Cases, Iron Pedestals, Etc., Etc., Etc.

The Construction, Material Dump, College Road, Kowloon City—The Nam Yam Factory, 126/127, Fook Wa Street, Shamshuipo—Marsman No. 1 Godown, Canton-Kowloon Railway Yard, Chatham Road—The Sidewalk of Fleming/Jaffa Crossroads—and Holt's Wharf, Hungnam (where the goods are stored), will be open to inspection on the 19th, and 20th, June 1946, between 10.00 a.m. and noon and between 2.00 p.m. and 4.00 p.m.

The Auction is subject to the Conditions of Sale published in the 9th, March 1946, issue of the Gazette.

LAMBERT BROS., Auctioneers.

SERVICE AUCTION ROOMS

Auctioneers, Surveyors, etc. 3rd Floor, French Bank Bldg., A.F.B. de Sousa, Auctioneer. Telephone 31867.

PUBLIC AUCTION

The Undersigned has received instructions from the Custodian of Property to sell by Public Auction

on MONDAY, the 24th June, 1946, commencing at 10.30 a.m.

at his Sales Rooms, Basement, French Bank Building,

82 LOTS OF MISCELLANEOUS GOODS, comprising:—

Insulated Telephone Wires, Candles, Iron Nails, Chemicals, Canvas Bags, Ship's Flags, Red Lead, Wooden Pulleys, Iron Pulleys, Fibre Rope, Wire Nets, Cotton Twine, Hammers, Etc., Etc., Etc.

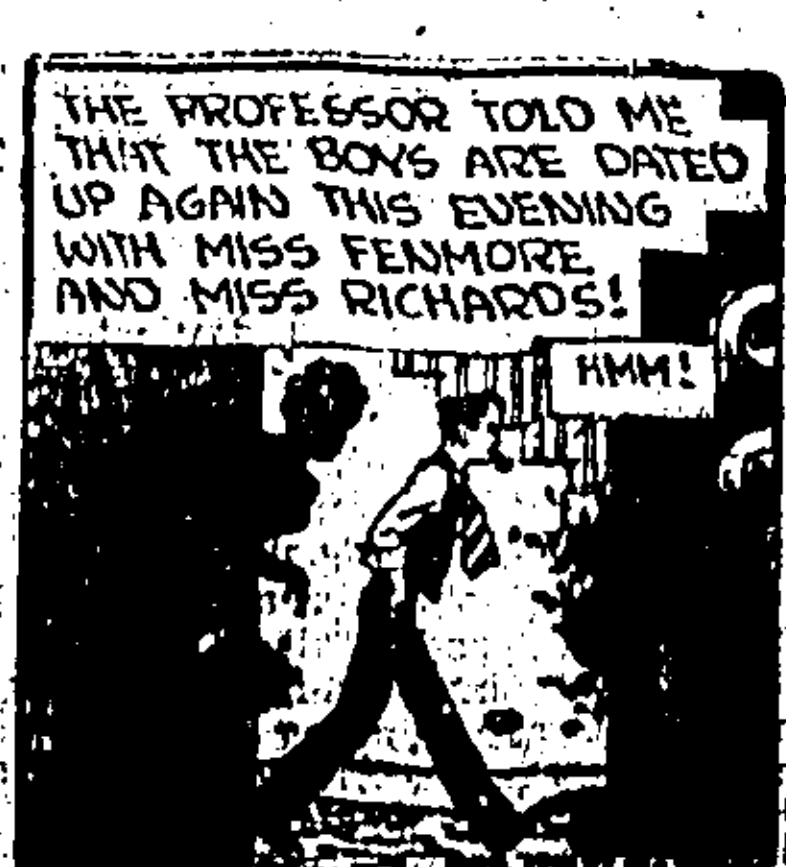
The Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd.'s No. 1 Godown, West Point, where the goods are stored, will be open to inspection on 21st and 22nd June, 1946, between 10.00 a.m. and Noon, and between 2.00 p.m. and 4.00 p.m.

The Auction is subject to the Conditions of Sale published in the 9th March, 1946 issue of the Gazette.

A. E. B. DE SOUSA, Auctioneer.

Hong Kong, 21st June, 1946.

BOOTS AND HER BUDDIES



BY EDGAR MARTIN

WATER SUPPLY NOTICE

The following extracts from the Water Works Ordinance No. 20 of 1938 are published for information:

Section 5. Powers of the Water Authority.

It shall be lawful for the water authority to disconnect from the waterworks the inside service to any premises without prejudice to any water meter run or other sum due or to become due under this Ordinance or the Rating Ordinance, 1931.

(a) Unless the consumer, within fourteen days from the date of service of written notice in that behalf or such extended time as the water authority may allow, gives an undertaking satisfactory to the water authority to pay, quarterly or at such lesser periods as the water authority may in any case determine, the amount due for charges for water and for meter rent, to the Accountant General, in accordance with regulations;

(b) if default is made in the payment of any deposit which the water authority may require or of any moneys due under this Ordinance from the consumer, for so long as the default continues;

(c) if the construction, alteration or repair of any inside service by a consumer is not carried out to the satisfaction of the water authority in accordance with provisions of this Ordinance or regulations; or if the construction, alteration or repair of any inside service is carried out without the approval of the water authority.

Section 10. Inside Services.

Any consumer may arrange with a licensed plumber to construct an inside service in premises for the supply of water from the waterworks. The construction of the inside service and the nature, size and quality of the materials and fittings shall be in accordance with regulations and on the completion of the service to the satisfaction of the water authority it shall be connected by the water authority to the waterworks subject to payment of the charges for such connection as prescribed by such regulations and subject to the consumer giving the undertaking required by Section 5.

Section 21.

Injury or alteration of Waterworks or inside services

Every person who wilfully or negligently injures the waterworks, or unlawfully draws off, diverts or takes water from the same or from any stream or waters by which the waterworks are supplied or alters or causes or permits any inside service to be altered without the approval of the water authority, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars.

Section 24.

Water to be taken only through metered inside services or public standpipes.

Every person who takes any water from the waterworks except through a metered inside service or from a public standpipe without the permission of the water authority shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars.

Many connections and alterations to water services are known to have been made without the permission of the Water Authority, and the public is hereby warned that in all cases the service will be disconnected by the Water Authority and the person or persons responsible under the Ordinance (See Section 21 above) will be prosecuted, unless the permission of the Water Authority is obtained forthwith. The necessary forms are available in the office of the Water Authority, St. George's Building, 1st floor.

J. FORBES

For: Water Authority,
Hong Kong, May, 1946.

Who Are The Ringleaders?

So Chun, a Chinese lad who was charged before Mr. C. Y. Kwan yesterday with being concerned in the larceny of \$30.00 from the person in Queen's Road Central, outside China Building, pleaded guilty and added that he needed money to return to his village.

Mr. Kwan pointed out that he disbelieved this story, but was prepared to give accused a chance. Mr. Kwan said that he felt that these cases of larceny from the person were carried out by two or three boys working in concert on instructions from a leader who stayed in the background.

If accused would disclose the ringleaders and give all the necessary information to the Police, which would lead to the arrest of those behind the scenes, he, Mr. Kwan, would be prepared to let accused go free. Mr. Kwan assured accused that he need not be afraid of any consequences from the leader of the gang and that he would be accorded full Police protection.

Mr. Kwan concluded by saying that he also felt that if accused would assist in the manner suggested, the Police would no doubt be able to find him, accused, a job, which would mean that he would be assured of a living and have his liberty protected. Accused was given 24 hours to think matters over.

HKVOC ORDERS

Orders by Lt.-Col. E. J. R. Mitchell, O.B.E., E.D., Officer Commanding H.K.V.D.C. Order No. 40, 20th June, 1946.

Red Cross Supplies.—Distribution will be made at Volunteer Headquarters to all members of H.K.V.D.C. and H.K.R.N.V.R. who were Prisoners of War on 15th August, 1945, on Friday the 21st from 10.00 to 12.00 hours and 14.00 to 16.00 hours, and on Saturday the 22nd from 10.00 to 12.00 hours. If unable to call in person, delivery will be made only against signed authorisation.

LEGAL BRANCH

CUSTODIAN OF PROPERTY

NOTICE

MOTOR VEHICLE CLAIMS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A LIST OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTOR ENGINES IN KOWLOON AND HONGKONG WILL BE POSTED AT THE OFFICE OF THE CUSTODIAN OF PROPERTY FROM 7th JUNE, 1946.

ANY PERSON HAVING A CLAIM AGAINST THESE VEHICLES AND/OR ENGINES ARE REQUESTED TO SUBMIT SAME WITH PROOF OF OWNERSHIP NOT LATER THAN 22nd JUNE, 1946.

ALL MOTOR VEHICLES AND/OR ENGINES REMAINING UNCLAIMED AFTER THIS DATE WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

R. A. WICKERSON,

Custodian of Property.

POLICE WARNING DOGS

Rabies is present among the dogs in the Colony.

Instructions have been given to the police to destroy all dogs seen unmuzzled or not on a lead.

The assistance of the public is urgently requested to see that the regulations regarding muzzles and leads are carefully observed.

C. H. SANSOM,
Acting Commissioner of Police.
Hong Kong, 18th June 1946.

NOTICE

Will any person, knowing the whereabouts of, or information about, EDWARD LYSAUGHT and HARRY LYSAUGHT, of 16, Somerset Road, Kowloon Tong, please communicate with the Secretariat, C.S.O. Building, Lower Albert Road.

Both were reported to have been in Hongkong at the time of the Japanese occupation.

Legislative Council Passes Rice Allocation Motion

A motion by the Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo at the Legislative Council meeting yesterday on the allocation of rice to the colony and the quality received was passed without opposition.

The motion voiced regret at the reduction in Hong Kong's allocation and concern on the effect of the cut, protested against the broken rice received and expressed hope of a better allocation in future.

In proposing the motion the Hon. Mr. Lo said:—

"Your Excellency, At the outset of my remarks in support of the motion standing in my name, I should like to make it quite clear that the object of this motion is not to try to secure for this Colony anything beyond its fair share of the rice availability.

"Hong Kong residents have hitherto accepted with fortitude and without demur every reduction in rice ration which it has been found necessary to make. In December, 1945, the ration was reduced from 1 catty (16 taels) per person per day to 12.8 taels. As from Feb. 18, 1946, it was again reduced to 6.4 taels, although supplemented by a ration of 4.8 taels of flour. As from April 13, while the rice ration remained at 6.4 taels, it was necessary to reduce the flour ration to 3.2 taels. As from May 1, the rice ration was again reduced to 5.6 taels, and the flour ration to 1.6 taels. As from May 23, 1946, the rice ration was again reduced to 4 taels, while the flour ration was restored to 3.2 taels.

12-oz. Minimum

"According to the official statement issued on May 22, the Young Planning Committee set down a minimum of 12 ozs. (or a little more than 9.1 taels per person per day.) On this basis, Hong Kong's requirements for the second quarter of 1946 (April, May and June) were 40,000 tons. The Combined Food Board allocated us only half this amount, in other words, 6 ozs. (or 4.5 taels) per person per day. Recently, this allocation was still further cut to 60%, or 12,000 tons, for the quarter, or 2.7 taels per person per day.

"As if this were not the limit, a substantial proportion, sometimes amounting to half of the shipment, consists of 100% broken—old and totally unfit for human consumption. In other words, if half consists of unsealable rice, the effect is that each person gets 3/5 of an ounce of rice only and no rice the next.

Unsealable Hardship

"Sir, I do not forget that the latest reduction to 5.35 ozs., or 4 taels of rice, daily is made up with 4.27 ozs., or 3.2 taels of flour, but to the overwhelming majority of the residents who are accustomed to rice, an enforced diet of nearly 50% of flour is an unspeakable hardship. The fact is that faced with inevitable scarcity, we must be thankful to eat what there is, however unpalatable and unusual is beside the point. No doubt, in actual famine, we may be called upon to eat tree roots. We should have no cause of complaint if we were really convinced that we were being fairly treated. But nothing has so far been published by which we can be so convinced.

"On the contrary Sir, I have gathered that the Combined Food Board, although it is supposed to allocate from world resources, has in fact permitted some places to obtain sufficient rice to make further cuts unnecessary, while places like Hong Kong and Singapore have to introduce further restrictions.

"Disastrous, the Colony is gravely distressed with the present position, and the object of this motion is to let you know the feelings of this Council so that you may, if you think fit, place the same before the proper authorities.

Profound Regret

"That this Council, whilst appreciating the World food shortage situation and the consequential obligation on the part of the Colony to assume its share of the burden of restricting consumption to the utmost extent consistent with the due maintenance of a reasonable standard of health, considers that it is its duty towards the residents of the Colony—

(a) to voice its profound regret and disappointment at the reduction of 70 per cent made on the allocation of rice to the Colony in respect of the second quarter of 1946.

(b) to express its concern on the effect of the cut in the rice ration from the already drastically reduced amount of 4 catty per person per day to 3.6 catty.

(c) to protest against the large

quantities of "rice", consisting of 100 per cent broken rice, old and full of debris, and totally unfit for human consumption, shipped as part of the Colony's allocation.

(d) to express its hope that the allocation to the Colony of the next and subsequent quarters will be at the rate and on the basis of each consumer being able to have at least two proper meals of rice per day.

Accordingly it is hereby resolved that His Excellency the Governor be asked to be kind enough to transmit the above Motion together with an expression of the strong feelings of this Council to the Secretary of State for the Colonies that the necessary action may be taken.

Grave Effect

After the Hon. Mr. T. N. Chiu had seconded the motion, the Hon. Colonial Secretary said:—

"Your Excellency.—The facts referred to in the Honourable Member's motion are substantially correct. Government has already done all possible to insure all authorities concerned of the very grave effect of the reduced rice ration and to urge that Hong Kong's food situation be remedied as soon as possible.

"The drastic cut in the allocation for the second quarter has already been the subject of strong representations to the Secretary of

RICE FOR HONG KONG

Bangkok, June 20.
The Combined Rice Commission today announced the scheduled shipment of 37,600 tons of rice to be sent in the next 10 days to the Netherlands, Singapore and Hong Kong. The Hong Kong rice allocation will be on board six large cargo vessels—the St. Bernard, Starhall, Fort Keeseler, Samakera and the Empire Bonwell.—Associated Press.

State and to His Majesty's Special Commissioner in South East Asia. The facts are, however, that for the moment no additional rice is available. Both authorities are fully aware that the effect of the cut was to reduce the rice ration from 4 catty to 2.5 catty per person per day.

"As regards the very poor quality of the rice received here, protests have been sent to His Majesty's Special Commissioner and the Anglo-Siam Rice Unit. Samples of recent consignments were shown to Lord Killearn's staff during their recent visit to the Colony.

"As far as future allocations are concerned, the Combined Food Board met in Washington on June 16 and Hong Kong's allocation for the third quarter of this year will by now have been decided. Our application to the Board was based on the minimum daily ration of 12 oz. per person laid down by the Young Working Party as an emergency scale. We have not yet been informed what quantity of rice has in fact been allotted to Hong Kong but the decision should be known very soon now."

Readers' Letters

"Chinese"

Sir,—With an air of condescension "Civvy" anticipated all discussions by doling out what he intended to be the last word on the subject "Chinaman."

So for the enlightenment of an ignorant party he "would like to point out that for some reason the Chinese object.... and for that reason (What reasons? The same some reasons?) it has been dropped from polite conversation. And to the other party he proved that the Chinese called themselves "Chinamen" by saying "Chung-kuo-jen," "Middle Kingdom" (i.e. China) Man."

Then he dismissed the two parties by alluding to "The Superior Man couldn't care less." It is true that Confucius never wrote such maxims, but Confucius did write: "The gentleman (another translation, the superior man) is dignified but never haughty; courteous but never dignified; and when you know a thing, to recognize that you know it, and when you do not know a thing, to recognize that you do not know it. That is knowledge." (Waley's The Analects of Confucius, XIII, 26 and II, 17).

BALONIA

Sir,—What's in a name, as long as one can give and take. Frankly I do not like to be called a Chinaman, but if the Englishman who enjoys calling me that name does not mind my calling him in vulgar Chinese a "Red-haired devil" or a "Foreign devil," it will be O.K. with me. However, for the sake of human happiness, let us take to heart the teaching of Confucius "Do not do unto others what you do not like others to do unto you."

Sometime ago the C.N.A.C. had in its show window the picture of a snake charmer to represent Calcutta and this hurt the national feeling of an Indian reader. I take off my hat to the C.N.A.C. officials for removing that picture thus respecting the national feeling of others.

Civvy's English translation of Chung Kuo Jen is absolute nonsense. The proper translation of Chung Kuo Jen is Chinese, Ying Kuo Jen is Englishman, Teh Kuo Jen is German, Ho Lan Jen is Dutchman or Netherlander, Joh Pen Jen is Japanese.

As far as my personal experience goes, the term "Chinaman" is only used by English "Dicks" and some Eurasians who are ashamed of their Chinese blood.

Many years ago I was watching an international ice hockey contest in Davos Switzerland, when a Swiss team was playing a Japanese team. The Japanese played very poorly and I made a contemptuous remark about them, and to my great shame, my Swiss friend replied, "Oh, no, on the other hand, I think they are wonderful, they are so sporting as to come such a long way to play with us, I agree that they do not play well, but may be they have not so much ice as we have to practice on."

The Swiss cheered the Japanese team at the expense of their own—so sporting as to come such a long way to play with us, I agree that they do not play well, but may be they have not so much ice as we have to practice on."

comise the good points of others, for after all, all nations each has its good as well as bad points and for God's sake, my friends, please do not hurt the feelings of others on whatever grounds.

T. P.

Piscatorial

Sir,—In these days of world wide shortage of food, I think it is absolutely necessary that the people of the World should know a little more of that interesting background that lies behind the procurement of the most essential thing in the human life—food. I propose to take fish as my subject, and as this is the first of a series of articles, it is better that I start from the beginning and give a short account of the history of the "Scientific Approach to the Cultivation of Fish."

It is, of course, a well known fact that from 1890/1901 one of the greatest experiments of modern times took place on Loch Fyne when some 142,880,000 fry of plaice (it will be appreciated that this figure is correct only to the nearest ten, as it is quite probable that a few fry were mislaid in the aircraft on way from Inner Limsford, Denmark) were liberated. As Fulton so rightly said, although this, like many other epoch making statements, is open to criticism—this led to a substantial increase of the plaice population. Astonishing as this may seem to those who have not studied history profoundly, this was only one of a series of experiments that started as far back as 1835.

As a child, I remember my father telling me of the hazardous experiment that an old college friend of his, Professor Dannevig by name, made in the year 1835. As a young man, Dannevig had been interested in increasing the population density of phytoplankton in the hope that the diatom cells and many more autotrophic nanoplankton flagellates could be increased to 600,000 per litre. As this problem had not then been solved, it was with great strength of character that he decided to attempt the experiment in Shepherd's Market, London, W.

Up to this time people had ridiculed the idea of growing fishes in salt. This of course, as every body now knows, is quite possible provided that there are plenty of plankton organisms in the soil. With the "Hungry Forties" fast approaching, Dannevig planted his first Fish Bush in Shepherd's Market. There is no need to recall to overwhelming success of this daring experiment, for even today the Market is frequented by young men of the Royal Air Force anxious to quench their thirst for knowledge by seeing the site of the first Fish Bush—incidentally, a public house was recently (1830) built on this site.

It was indeed a sad day when the Bush had to be removed to the country as it was now outgrowing the Market, but the old name still lingers on, and the present site of the bush is called Shepherd's Bush. On account of the Tourist Trade, this is now a flourishing suburb and the local inhabitants are thinking of setting up Motion Picture Studios so that the World will know the glorious story of the Fish Bush at She-

ALLOCATION OF HOUSES

Statements on the allocation of houses and flats after de-regulation and the number of people occupying a house or flat, were made by the Colonial Secretary in reply to questions at the Legislative Council meeting yesterday.

The Hon. Mr. R. D. Gillespie asked: "Will Government state on what basis houses and flats are allocated on de-regulation to commercial firms by the Quartering Commandant's Department?"

The Hon. Mr. D. M. MacDougal, Colonial Secretary, replied: "Strictly speaking, Government powers of allocating quarters lapse on de-regulation. The Quartering Commandant has, however, on a number of occasions been able to use his good offices to put commercial firms into touch with the landlords of premises about to be de-regulated. Accommodation which firms are able to rent in this way normally cannot represent more than a fraction of the firm's demands. In notifying a firm of the impending de-regulation of such premises Quartering Commandant also indicates the maximum number of persons which he considers could be accommodated in that particular house or flat. Whether or not the firms concerned in fact arrange for this number of persons to be accommodated is a matter for them to decide in the light of such other accommodation as they themselves may have been able to secure."

The Hon. Mr. Gillespie then asked: "In determining how many persons should occupy a house or flat, is the same basis applied to commercial firms as is applied to members of Government and of the Fighting Services?"

The Hon. Colonial Secretary replied: "Yes. The general principle, which is to ensure that as many persons as possible are housed in the limited accommodation available applies to Government officials and to members of the fighting services."

NO RIGHT TO TAKE STOOLS

Chan Sam, Lo and several others, who were charged with gambling in a timber yard at Lockhart Road and who were out on bail, did not appear when their names were called at the Contraband Magistrate's Court yesterday. An order was made for all bail to be forfeited.

Mr. C. Y. Kwan also made an order for the sum of \$277.70 and 55 cents in one cent coins seized at the time of the raid to be placed in the Poor Box. A table top, a tin cash box and two packets of playing cards were ordered to be confiscated.

An electric bulb and six stools also seized during the raid were ordered to be returned to the place where they were seized. Mr. Kwan said that the Police had no right to seize articles of furniture which had no bearing on the charge.

STOLE SOME BRANDY

With tears streaming from his eyes, Lau Tat, a coolie employed on the S.S. "Wing Sang" was sentenced to three months hard labour by Mr. C. Y. Kwan for the larceny of two bottles of Hennessy brandy from the No. 2 hold of S.S. "Wing Sang". Accused, pleading in mitigation, said that he had to support four persons, was in need of money to provide medical attention for his wife and that the principal tenant was pressing him for house rent and had threatened to turn him and his family out into the street. An order was made for the brandy to be returned to the Company.

For larceny of a quantity of wooden window frames from an unoccupied house in the Dean Water Bay area, Cheng Sum and Cheng Kau were each sentenced to four months' hard labour by Mr. C. Y. Kwan at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

My next instalment will be the thrilling story of the Specific Gravity of Calanus Pinnarcticus. "FISHY"

Answer To Correspondent

W.O.P.: Don't you think that a very, very small minority would derive satisfaction from the raising of the issue in the public press?

Lorry Stolen Or Bought?

Defending himself on a charge of receiving a 24-ton Chevrolet motor lorry, knowing it to have been stolen or unlawfully obtained, Lam Lai, partner in the San Kwai Wah motor shop, told the Kowloon Court yesterday that he had purchased the vehicle from the Chinese military in Kowloon Tong.

At an earlier hearing, evidence was given that the lorry was recognised by its chauffeur in Shantung Street, Kowloon, on June 3, three days after it had been stolen from a garage in the Bay View district. The chauffeur said he recognised it despite the fact that it had been repainted a different colour.

Lam said yesterday that he bought the lorry on June 3 from a Capt. Chan Cheuk-kei, of the Chinese military, and had received a document in lieu of a receipt. He was not given a proper receipt as he had only paid \$2,500 and still owed \$1,000. Capt. Chan, he said, had promised to accept full responsibility for the sale.

Cross-examined by Sub-Insp. Andrews as to whether it was true or not that the document given him by Capt. Chan stated that he was given a Studebaker motor and a chassis for his services in repairing seven trucks for the Chinese military and that there was no reference to any money, Lam said that he did not want to accept the document given him as worded. We were assured by Kwok Sing, who had introduced him to Capt. Chan, that the document bearing the seal of the military office he had bought the truck from should satisfy him.

Further hearing was adjourned to Thursday afternoon. The case is being heard before Mr. Horace Lo. Defendant is represented by Mr. F. R. Zimmerman.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

Arrivals at the Peninsula Hotel on Wednesday were C. S. T. Eason (Kowloon Goldmine), Chas. F. Stewart, General N. A. Bogan, Capt. W. A. Dudding, Ying Ho, L. S. Leong and Lt. W. W. White.

Departures the same day were Capt. Libby, W. A. Welch, Capt. and Mrs. A. E. Williams, Lt. and Mrs. D. E. Hindmarsh, Capt. R. A. Stuckey and Zimmerman, C. K. Karp, E. C. Road, M. de Blank, Miss Lily Chang, Miss H. Regenstreif, Mr. and Mrs. J. Kronzylberg and child, General Loh and Mr. Lo, Paul Vland, Major-General and Mrs. Cheung Kwong King, J. V. G. Mitchell, H. V. Brown, L. Brewer, Miss W. Jits, D. Jits, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Blown and son, C. J. Roe, A. W. Pauloff, D. Suter, Miss E. M. Clausman, Miss F. M. Hoare, C. E. Lawrence and B. I. Bickford.

The ss. "Wing Sang" left for Shanghai yesterday with about 500 passengers, among them being Mr. F. S. Gibbins of the Dunlop Rubber Co.; Mr. N. T. Fox and Mr. A. Corhill of Butterfield & Swire; Mr. K. A. Aaron; Mr. W. F. G. Harris; Mr. J. MacGregor; Dr. Y. L. Lee; Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Lee; Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Woo; Mrs. Wu Yau-hing; Mrs. Tai Wing-hing; Mrs. Chan Chong-sze; Miss Tse Wai-pun; and Messrs. Chen Shun-hing, C. M. Keh, T. Y. Zen, Lok Wing and Yoknan Lee.

The following left yesterday for Singapore by the ss. "Lok Sang": Messrs. Csee Qun Leong, Fung Koo Keow, Kwan Lin-choe, Mr. and Mrs. Cheng Ah Kye, Mr. Chow Pook-yue, Mrs. Young Koofto and Mrs. Young Sien-yue.

"DOLLY" WAGGED HER TAIL

When Fung Man appeared before Mr. C. Y. Kwan charged with the larceny of a dog belonging to Wong Kam Sing of Morrison Hill Road he put forward an amusing tale.

Fung said that he was himself coming up from Salwanho with a dog named "Dolly" tied to a leash. "Dolly" managed to escape, however, and ran away. As Fung was walking along Morrison Hill Road he saw a dog which resembled his "Dolly". In every detail, he therefore called out "Dolly" and the dog, which was produced in Court, wagged its tail in recognition. He then caught it and fastened it to the leash which he was carrying.

His story was not believed by Mr. Kwan and a sentence of two weeks' imprisonment was passed.

Found not guilty of armed robbery by an unanimous verdict from the Jury, Young Shing was acquitted by Mr. T. J. Gould, Acting Police Judge, at the Criminal Sessions yesterday.

Town Booking Office
Alex. Bldg. (Gr. Fl.)
From 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. Daily

LEE T RE

KNOCKING THE "HEAT" OUT OF THE "THEATRE"

Showing To-Day At 2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

DOUBLE ACADEMY AWARD PROGRAM:
The best of the "BEST TEN" of the year.

BOBART BERGMAN HENREID

A new hit from WARNER BROS.
A story as exciting as the landing at Casablanca

CLAUDE RAINS
CONRAD VEIDT
GREENSTREET
PETER LORRE

They had a date with

CASABLANCA

the city that rocked the world!

Superbly Directed by MICHAEL CURTIZ

— ALSO —
ACADEMY AWARD SHORTS

SPECIAL! THE MOST DISCUSSED SHORT SUBJECT OF THE YEAR!

"HITLER LIVES?"

PRODUCED BY WARNER BROS.

AT INCREASED PRICES

BOX SEATS \$4.00
BACK STALLS \$2.40
FRONT STALLS \$1.50

DRESS CIRCLE \$3.20
SERVICEMEN \$1.50
UPPER CIRCLE \$1.00

ALHAMBRA & CENTRAL

TODAY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.

TODAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.

GUTS!

THOSE 446 FIGHTING MARINES HAD IT! ...AND

WAKE ISLAND

HAS IT!

"WAKE ISLAND" stars BRIAN DONLEVY
Macdonald Carey • Robert Preston

Always rely on "Camel Brand"

Camel Brand VARNISHES & LACQUERS

Big Four Reach Two Agreements On Italy

Paris, June 20.

NEHRU INJURED

Kashmir, June 20.
Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President-designate of the Indian Congress Party, was slightly injured in the cheek by a bayonet when he tried to push back a military sentry barring his way to Srinagar with a rifle.

The foreign ministers' council yesterday agreed quickly on a clause protecting the rights of Italian national and property in areas to be ceded to other nations, chiefly France and Yugoslavia, said a British informant.

The council was in general agreement, according to the same source, on obliging Italy to restore property taken by the Fascist government from allied nationals, but ran afoul of legal technicalities.

United States secretary of state James F. Byrnes, British sources said, asserted that the allied government involved should have to prove the pro-

erty was really owned by an allied national and had really been taken. The burden of proof, he added, would rest on Italy to show the seizure had not been forced or under duress.

Both the Russian foreign minister, V. M. Molotov, and British foreign secretary Ernest Bevin objected that this might lead to legal procedures in various nations, and the subject was sent to a committee of legal experts for decision.

Molotov Objects

The American secretary sought to insert a clause guaranteeing allied property in Italy against expropriation to pay reparations. Molotov objected that this was outside the scope of the treaty, and the issue was shelved, the British informant said.

Both Mr. Bevin and France's foreign minister, Georges Bidault, argued against Byrnes and Molotov to compensate allied nationals, injured in Italy at the hands of the Italians during the war, according to the British sources.

Molotov commented he appreciated the reasons for this demand and even offered to support it if the cause were amended to include similar injuries in occupied areas such as the Soviet Ukraine.

Stand Reversed

Byrnes declared the United States was opposed to the whole idea behind the clause, whereupon Bevin and Bidault agreed to withdraw their proposals.

Molotov suddenly reversed his attitude and insisted the clause with the Russian amendment be included. Unless it were included, he said, nationals of other countries attacked by Italy would not receive compensation for personal injuries.

The clause was shelved for reconsideration at later sessions. The council agreed to meet to-day at 11 a.m. — Associated Press.

ABANDON APPEASEMENT

Washington, June 19.
Four members of the House Foreign Affairs Committee on Tuesday urged the immediate abandonment of "any appeasement" in United States relations with Russia.

They called for a "frank, across-the-table exchange of sentiment" between President Truman and Marshal Stalin as soon as possible.

Their report, following a two-month's trip to Europe, recommended a policy of complete reciprocity, saying "no greater privileges should be extended to the Russians in the United States than are extended to Americans in Russia."

The members were Republicans Karl E. Mundt and Frances P. Bolton and Democrats Thomas S. Gordon and Joseph F. Ryder. — Associated Press.

"Malicious"

Washington, June 19.
Sol Bloom, head of the House Foreign Relations Committee, called the report made by the four members of the House Foreign Affairs Committee.

"There is absolutely no truth to the report. It is an old story. The trip was made a year ago. It is just a malicious, vicious report and should never have been printed." — Associated Press.

U.S. COAL FOR EUROPE

Washington, June 20.
Government coal experts to-day said the United States hopes to ship 1,250,000 tons of coal to Europe by the end of June and raise the goal to 1,500,000 tons in July.

Of these totals, they added, France will get about 350,000 tons in June and 400,000 in July. Meanwhile, diplomatic authorities said that a French protest over reduced coal shipments to France, which placed Germany's coal supply in May higher than France's, had been referred to the Foreign Ministers' conference. — Associated Press.

Soldiers' Hair Helps Make Penicillin

A hank of your hair may bring comfort to a suffering fellow soldier if you snip it off and send it to Ashe Laboratories, at Hackney in North London where hundreds of pounds of soldiers' hair is being boiled in bubbling cauldrons to make a substance called cystine used in the manufacture of penicillin.

The process has been working for some months and the factory is probably the only one of its kind in the world; although in Hamburg cystine is being converted into an edible paste and served up on toast to the hardier Germans.

"Still there's no doubt that British Scientists were first in the field," says Mr. K. J. Archer, works manager, "and although the amino-acid cystine has some nutrient value the human body doesn't need much of it so I don't expect the German use will become popular. The cystine we make is used to give a larger yield in the manufacture of penicillin. We had a difficult task making the process work at first, but now it is going well and we get a better yield than can be obtained in laboratory experiments."

The firm sends out sacks to Army barbers and civilian hairdressers all over Britain and pays the return postage and a fixed price per pound for the hair. The hairdressers sweep up the day's crop of hair and when the sacks are full back they go to Ashe Laboratories.

Shock Treatment

When the hair arrives at the factory girls sort it over, removing chewing-gum, cigarette ends and other litter. They then give the hair a good shampoo in acidified soap solution to wash away grease and other impurities.

The clean hair is dried, then boiled for several hours with strong acid, and filtered again. The hair, which has by now had all the suffing knocked out of it, is given shock treatment with caustic soda and the solution is filtered once more. More caustic soda is added until the hair gives up the struggle and cystine is separated.

This is filtered off and dissolved in weak acid. Dirty looking masses of charcoal are

added—"to clean it" say the chemists—and a solution. Pure cystine is a brilliant white which is filtered and dried.

Moscow Wants To Know Why

London, June 19.
Moscow radio, monitored in London, asserts that, according to Dr. Evatt of Australia, the commission appointed by the security council on the Spanish question "decided to change its recommendation on the insistence of the United States delegation."

An article in "Pravda" by M. Isakov, which the broadcast quotes, says:

"It would appear that a situation is being created in the United Nations where on the insistence of one delegation, official documents prepared by a commission are being changed."

"What is the use of appointing such an organ? Would it not be better to entrust the drafting of all reports and proposals directly to the State Department or to the Foreign Office?" — Associated Press.

ROUNDING THEM ALL UP

Prague, June 19.
Emanuel Goring, Hermann's brother, and formerly director of the Skoda works, and Hans Meisbach, a former director of the Bata (shoe) Enterprises were surrendered by the American authorities to Czechoslovakia on the Bohemian border yesterday.

They will be tried in Prague. — Associated Press.

A QUIZ-CROSS WORD

U. S. Judge

Answer to Previous Puzzle

1. Picture	2. Bible class	3. Judge of U. S.	4. Court of Appeals	5. Pleasant	6. Property	7. Recipient	8. Ascended	9. Speed contest	10. Low tide	11. Sand hill	12. Consumed	13. Lets in	14. Fruit drink	15. Cerium (symbol)	16. Railroad (ab.)	17. Editor (ab.)	18. Spanish article	19. Protection	20. Approaches	21. Poem	22. Every one	23. Confends	24. Fifth helmet	25. Either	26. On time (ab.)	27. Bone	28. North Carolina (ab.)	29. Cheer	30. Dark	31. Tree	32. Boat	33. Accomplish	34. Group of	35. Puffed up	36. Foreign	37. Concise	38. Muscle parts
------------	----------------	-------------------	---------------------	-------------	-------------	--------------	-------------	------------------	--------------	---------------	--------------	-------------	-----------------	---------------------	--------------------	------------------	---------------------	----------------	----------------	----------	---------------	--------------	------------------	------------	-------------------	----------	--------------------------	-----------	----------	----------	----------	----------------	--------------	---------------	-------------	-------------	------------------

21 He is a former — age 46 Peculiar

24 Round-up — 48 Finest

29 Swab

31 High peak

34 Laced bodice

38 Prophet

37 Naval officer

38 Resounds

44 White with

40 Italian town

49 River in Italy

52 Weights (ab.)

54 Lincoln's son

58 Eye (Sect.)

58 Royal Navy

AIR-CONDITIONED

EXTRA PERFORMANCE TOMORROW
at 12.15 P.M.

PLEASE NOTE SPECIAL TIMES:—
TODAY AT 2.30, 5.00, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

All the fire... the power...
of Blasco Ibañez' great novel
brought to the screen in gorgeous technicolor!

TYRONE POWER BLOOD AND SAND

with LINDA DARNELL • RITA HAYWORTH

Maximova • Anthony Quinn • J. Carroll Nash • John Carradine • Lynn Bari • Laird Cregar • Florenz Cosey

Produced by DARRYL F. ZANUCK • Directed by DARRYL F. ZANUCK • ROBERT MAMOUKIAN

A 20th Century-Fox Picture

SHOWING TO-DAY KING'S At 2.30; 5.10; 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

THE SCREEN'S MOST LOVABLE MUSICAL!

BOMBYN TOP BROADWAY

MARIA MONTEZ
SUSANNA FOSTER
JACK OAKIE
TURHAN BEY
LOUISE ALLBRITTON
FRANK McHUGH
ANN BLYTH
DONALD COOK
LEO CARRILLO
ANDY DEVINE EVELYN ANKERS
ROSEMARY De CAMP RICHARD LANE
DONALD O'CONNOR PEGGY RYAN

ALSO LATEST METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER NEWSREEL

Commencing TO-DAY GREENTOWN At 2.30-5.15 7.30-9.30 p.m.

See the Reckless Robin Hood of the Seven Seas! It's the year's most spectacular production... with a cast of HUNDREDS!

THE SPANISH MAIN

in Glorious TECHNICOLOR

Starring PAUL HENREID • MAUREEN O'HARA • WALTER SLEZAK

with BINNIE BARNES • JOHN EMERY

U.S. Future Food Prospects

Washington, June 19.

Agriculture Secretary Anderson, reporting on future United States food prospects, said Americans will eat less in the next 12 months than the previous year, but "on the overall basis, civilian per capita consumption is expected to continue above pre-war levels."

He said supplies of meats, poultry, eggs, and wheat products are expected to be reduced but there will be more canned fruit juices, canned vegetables and vegetable juicy while food fats and oils are expected to remain about on the same level. He declared the reduction in available supplies is due to military and foreign demands. — Associated Press.

A BIG STORY

Madrid, June 20.
Morning newspapers in Madrid displayed prominently stories and editorials on the failure of the United Nations Security Council to adopt a compromise proposal on Spain, due to the Russian veto. Papers termed the disagreement a conflict between U.S.S.R. and the western democracies. — Associated Press.

MAJESTIC

SHOWING TO-DAY

2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.
AN EXCITING AMERICAN AN ENCHANTING RUSSIAN
Thelma is a singing, soaring story of love—a glorious romance heightened by wonderful music!

ROBERT TAYLOR
SUSAN PETERS

in

'SONG OF RUSSIA'

with JOHN HODIAK—ROBERT BENCHLEY

An M-G-M Picture

CATHAY

Wanchai Road, Wanchai
Daily at 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.
Bud Abbott & Lou Costello
at their Funniest In

"LOST IN A HAREM"

80 minutes of Strips, Songs, Shrieks!

An M-G-M Picture

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

10 WORDS \$2 FOR ONE
INSERTION PREPAID. \$1
FOR EACH ADDITIONAL
INSERTION. ADDITIONAL
WORDS 10 CTS. PER WORD
PER INSERTION

\$2

Replies are awaiting at our
offices for Box Nos. 47, 62, 81,
62, 88.

WANTED KNOWN

MAGNIFICENT Beyond Compare! See our comprehensive
collections of "Genuine" jade-gold
jewels, "Pure" silk embroidered
garments, lingerie, "Prewar"
made incomparably beautiful
leak-cumpher chests, Made
Elite, 22 Queen's Road C. No price-
bargaining Export-orders executed.

POSITION VACANT

WANTED by Solicitors' firm ex-
perienced clerk for office work.
High salary with good prospects
for suitable man. Write with full
particulars, age, experience, re-
ferences, to Box No. 90, "China
Mail."

FOR SALE

"WESTINGHOUSE" FAN, \$60.
Remington Portable \$180. Tele-
scope, Binoculars! Compa-
Electroplate Teaset! Two suits
(grey and tan) cumshaw price! 280, top.
Price Edward. (6-8 p.m.)

SACRIFICE, owner leaving.
Binoculars 7 x 50 Marapitt.
Eleitz Wetzlar in leather case,
\$200. G.E. Electric fan, 16 inches
\$120. Portable Columbia gram-
ophone model 209, \$150. All in
perfect condition, only slightly
used. Write Box No. 91, "China
Mail."

Jute Market Standstill

Calcutta, June 18.
Uncertainty about the fate of
the Government of India's pre-
sent price control law has brought
the jute and jute goods trade
practically to a standstill in Cal-
cutta, center of the world's jute
trade.

The rules under which the
prices of jute and jute goods are
being controlled expire on Sep-
tember 30, 1946, and no one is in
a position to make a reasonable
forecast about future Government
policy.

No goods either for regular or
future delivery are available even
at the maximum price fixed by the
Government. Speculators are pre-
pared to make purchases for de-
livery up to the end of 1947 any
available goods at maximum prices
but there are no sellers.

Mills here are fairly well stock-
ed with about an eight-month
supply of jute but the demand is
so great it is felt that if prices
are decontrolled they may reach
unprecedented high levels. —Associated Press.

Minneapolis, June 19.
Flax was unchanged. All family
flour \$4.06. Standards \$3.34. —
Associated Press.

Chicago, June 19.
The Chicago Board of Trade
halted trading in all hard futures
at Chicago today until further
notice. —Associated Press.

HALF A MILLION
MEN'S SECOND-HAND
JACKETS and TROUSERS

suitable for Hongkong trade
at FOUR SHILLINGS each.

Thousands shipped to Middle
East.

Quick shipment of pressed
bales of one thousand assorted
garments.

Establish confirmed credits
in payment of any quantity on
an English Bank.

M. Newman, (Contractors)
Ltd.

Heap Street, Manchester 7.
England.
Cable Address: Harbinger.

SCOFIELD LINE

S. S. "BARBARA C"

expected to arrive from Manila about 20th June
Sailing for Amoy about 25th June

For Freight & Passage Fares
Apply:—

A. E. GERONDAL & CO., LTD.
Agents.

Union Building Tel. 33337

BEN LINE STEAMERS LIMITED.

SAILINGS TO U.K.

"BENLEDI" Loading Mid July
FREIGHT ONLY.

VESSELS DUE

"BENLEDI" arriving about 10th July

For further particulars apply to

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA), LTD.
York Building Tel. 34165.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

S. S. "Hai Yang"

Sailing on or about 22nd inst.

Subject to alteration without Notice.

For Particulars of Freight & Passage.

Please apply to:—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.

General Managers.

P. & O. Building, 5th floor. Tel. 23755.

CHINESE SHIPPING DEPT.

20 Connaught Road, Central. Tel. 24639.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LTD.

SAILING TO AUSTRALIA.

"Frian" sails for Sydney on or about 24th June

For particulars apply to:—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents

Tel. 30381/2

Commons Debate
On Preference

London, June 20.

Mr. Hugh Dalton, Chancellor of the Exchequer,
tonight assured the House of Commons that
"I have always been in favour of Imperial pre-
ference; I am not one of those who seek to do
away with Imperial preference."

Mr. Dalton was speaking during the committee's
stage of the Finance Bill—which implements
provisions in the annual budget—when the
bill is discussed point by point.

The Conservatives forced the
debate by moving two resolu-
tions—both of which were sub-
sequently defeated by large
majorities.

1. To extend Imperial pre-
ference for sugar for two years
to 1950;

2. Protesting against the
proposed freeing of coffee and
chicory extracts and essences
from customs restrictions.

Sir Peter Macdonald (Con-
servative) moving the first
motion, appealed to the Govern-
ment to extend the sugar pre-
ference so that producers could
plan their future.

The United States, he said,
had just entered into a trade
agreement with the Philippines
for a period of ten years, giv-
ing them 100 per cent prefer-
ence on sugar.

Indies Crop

"If we are going to encour-
age the sugar producing colonies
and the dominions to carry on

Go Ahead Signal

The fixed sugar price should
be assured to sugar growers
to go ahead for the next three
or four years. Britain would
assist sugar growers in all the
dominions and colonies.

Mr. Oliver Stanley (Conser-
vative) formerly Colonial Sec-
retary, said that because of the
negotiations impending on trade
with the United States, it was
more important than ever that
the Empire sugar growers
should know where they stood.

Nothing could be given to the
colonies, and this applied also
to other commodities, which
could recompense them if they
were to lose the benefit of Em-
pire preference.

"Do not use this particular
preference on sugar," he urged,
"as a pawn in any commercial
bargaining with the United
States."

Mr. Stanley said that while it
was true the Government was
not committed in principle to
the abolition of Imperial pre-
ference, under the Washington
loan agreement it would be
pledged to discontinue bulk pur-
chase at a preferential rate.

Commonsense

He asked Mr. Hall whether
the bulk purchase of sugar
from the colonies at a fixed
price was inconsistent with the
objectives of the preliminary
agreement signed with the
United States, in view of the
forthcoming Washington con-
ference.

Mr. Hall replied that it could
not be inconsistent, or Britain
would not have done it. He
said bulk purchase by the Food
Ministry of the sugar crop of
the colonies and dominions was
a commonsense precaution in
the present world situation.

Neither Britain nor the
United States had committed
itself on bulk purchases, "ex-
cept that the United States may
have indicated that for its part
it thought bulk buying of cer-
tain kinds was undesirable." —
Reuter.

BRIDGE NOTES

Among the ways of "awindling"
an opponent is the device of creat-
ing a guess where no true guess
really exists. For example:

South Dealer
East-West vulnerable

4. J 9 8 4 2
4. K 5
4. J 8 2
4. 10 9 6

B. A 7 6 5 3
H. Q J 7 6 2
D. K 6
C. 10 9 8 7

B. K Q 10
H. A 10 9 8 4
D. 6
C. Q 6 4 3

3. —
3. 9
3. A Q 10 9 7 4 3
3. A K J 8 2

The bidding:
South West North East
1D 1H Pass 3H
4C Pass 4H Pass
6D Dbl. Pass Pass

West opened the Queen of
hearts, dummy played the King,
and East won with the Ace. East
then returned the King of spades,
and South ruffed. South laid
down the Ace and then a low di-
amond, and West took the di-
amond King. West tried to cash
the Jack of hearts, but South
ruffed.

It was now apparent to East
that the setting trick could be
obtained only in clubs, but it was
also obvious that South could suc-
cessfully finesse through the club
Queen unless he could be steered
away from this normal line of
play. So East decided to execute
a swindle.

After ruffing the Jack of hearts,
South laid down the Ace of clubs,
and then led a low diamond to
dummy's Jack. At this point,
East casually discarded a low
club!

South was not a particularly
astute player, so he regarded this
club discard as having been made
from a worthless club holding.
If that were so, West must have
the Queen of clubs, and the only
chance to make the contract lay
in dropping the blank Queen in
the West hand. Accordingly,
South returned a club from the
dummy and played his King in-
stead of finessing. That set up
East's club Queen as the setting
trick, much to his glee and South's
chagrin. Note that South would
have finessed, but for East's decep-
tive discard, and the finesse would
have enabled South to make his
contract.

Yesterday you were David
Bruce Burnstone's partner and,
with both sides vulnerable, you
held:

S. K 7 5
H. 10 2
D. 4
C. K 6 3 2

The bidding:
Jacoby Burnstone Schenken You
INT. Dbl. Pass (?)

ANSWER: Pass. You have a
fairly strong hand for defence,
against one no-trump, when you
consider the fact that the open-
ing bidder and your partner must
have between them every high
card in the deck, aside from what
you hold.

Score 100 per cent for pass, 30
per cent for two clubs.

Question

Today you are Oswald Jacoby's
partner and, with both sides vul-
nerable, you hold:

S. K 7 5
H. 10 2
D. 4
C. K 6 3 2

The bidding:
Schenken Jacoby Major You
INT. Dbl. 2H (?)

What do you bid? (Answer
Tomorrow).

Steel Ingot
Production

New York, June 20.

Iron Age reported today that
steel ingot production had roun-
ded 86 per cent of capacity this
week.

This was 8.5 per cent above last
week's figure and within three
per cent of the level before the
coal strike.

Iron Age said "For the first
time since the steel strike, sheet
and strip customers of some firms
were in a position to expect ship-
ments to the full extent of their
needs, although it may fall short
of what they would like."

"It may be September before
any balance in steel products is
eliminated, thus allowing the
manufacturing concerns to reach
the highest point of efficiency in
production." —Associated Press.

U.S. COTTON

New York, June 19.

Cotton fluctuated erratically,
closing around the best levels of
the day—55 cents to \$1.05 a bale
higher.

Selling was prompted by an
uncertain price outlook and fa-
vourable government weather re-
ports.

Buying was based on mill de-
mand and short covering.

Closing prices: July 29.38-40,
October 29.40, Dec. 29.42-44,
March 29.46, May 29.38, Middling
spot 30.07.

The rayon goods market was
quiet.

New Orleans Cotton closed 50
to 70 cents a bale higher.
July 29.19, Oct. 29.27-28, Dec.
29.40-41, March 29.45, Middling
spot 29.20. —Associated Press.

"MADISON" COMING
OUT

San Francisco, June 20.

The President Lines announced
today that the President Madison
sails on June 26 for the Philip-
pines on its maiden voyage.

The Madison is the newest of
six cargo ships. It will carry a
full load—8,000 gross tons—of
miscellaneous cargo for the Philip-
pines.

Its sisterships, the Presidents
Jefferson and McKinley will be
ready for service soon. —Associated
Press.

NEW NOTES IN
AUSTRALIA

Canberra, June 20.

Because of the rising price of
silver, preparations are being
made by the Australian govern-
ment for printing of a 5-shilling
banknote.

Before the war the government
made as much as 50
per cent in manufacturing coins.
Because the trade value exceeded
the metallic value. Now the price
of silver is so high that the coins
contain nearly as much silver value
as it has trade value. —Associated
Press.

"LESS SPENDING"

Washington, June 19.

Amid shouted demands for
less Federal spending, the
House voted without a dissent-
ing voice today to reduce the
nation's authorized debt from
the record \$300,000,000 wartime
high to \$275,000,000.

The Senate already had
passed a similar bill but must
act again on the House measure.
—Associated Press.

Detroit, June 20.

Ford Motor Company plans to
spend \$50,000,000 for construc-
tion of a large research and en-
gineering laboratory near the pre-
sent Ford Engineering Labora-
tory. The project, one of the
largest of its kind, will require
eight years building. —Associated
Press.

Threat Of Trouble On
Pacific Coast

San Francisco, June 20.

Another waterfront stoppage was narrowly aver-
ted when employers announced that the next
longshoremen's pay checks would include 22
cent hourly increases granted under the Wash-
ington agreement.

The Committee of Maritime
Unity in the San Francisco Bay
area called a protest meeting
against the employers' stalling
tactics when an employer
spokesman announced the new
wage scale approved by the
Wage Stabilisation Board is
now in effect.

In Seattle, Harry Bridges, co-
leader of the National Com-
mittee for Maritime Unity de-
clared that Congress of In-
dustrial Organizations affiliated
Pacific coast longshoremen will
strike on June 30 unless a satis-
factory contract with the em-
ployers is signed by that date.
line, and that the Committee
never again will be "ensnared
by fact-finding boards."

Meanwhile, the American
Federation of Labour Sailors
Union head, Harry Lundberg,
said that the C.I.O. maritime
settlement would not pre-
vent his sailors and long-

shoremen from striking unless
their demands now in negotia-
tion are met. He said that pro-
gress is being made but his
Union will not settle for as little
as C.I.O. got.

The Congress of Industrial
Organisations San Francisco
Bay Area Committee for Mar-
itime Unity voted "100 per cent"
support to the striking Dutch
seamen who walked off their
ship. The "Madoera" in pro-
test against alleged wage cuts
of 40 to 50 per cent.

The C.I.O. group said that
the Madoera would remain at
her pier "until she sinks under
the weight of her bargained,
unless pay cuts are restored."

The Committee Chairman said
that if efforts were made to de-
port the striking Dutch seamen,
the Unity Committee will tie
up any ship attempting to take
them out of the harbour. —As-
sociated Press.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

SHIPPING DEPARTMENT
10 Pedder Street
Tel. 80311.

General Managers.

INDO-CHINA S. N. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS

S.S. EMPIRE PERLIS to Straits and Calcutta 27th June
ARRIVALS

S.S. ESANG from Swatow 25th June
S.S. KUTSANG from Straits and Calcutta 28th June

IN PORT

S.S. SAMPART Buoy A.13
S.S. KWAISANG Kowloon Dock
S.S. EMPIRE PERLIS Kowloon Dock
M.V. HICKORY CREST Buoy E-5

All the above subject to alteration with notice.

All intending Passengers are requested to register their names as
far as possible in advance of the time at which they wish to leave.

Agents:

THE GLEN LINE LTD.

M.V. GLENOGLE Sailing for United Kingdom, Antwerp,
Amsterdam and Rotterdam about 24th June
S.S. NELEUS due from United Kingdom early July
S.S. SAMSETTE due from United Kingdom mid July

Managing Agents

AUSTRALIA CHINA LINE

M.V. NEWBROUGH due from Melbourne about 6th July
Agents: PRINCE LINE LTD.

S.S. SAMAVON due from U.S.A. 24th June
S.S. SANTREDEY due from U.S.A. about mid July

Agents:

ANGLO-CANADIAN STEAMSHIPS LTD.

S.S. GARDEN PARK arrived from Vancouver B-28 Buoy
S.S. HASTINGS PARK arrived from Takao Buoy A-10.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

AGENTS:

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILING TO SHANGHAI

S.S. "TSINAN" 4 p.m. 24th June
SAILING TO SHANGHAI & NORTHERN PORTS

S.S. "HUPEI" 2 p.m. 1st July
SAILING TO SWATOW

S.S. "KWEIYANG" 2 p.m. 23rd June
SAILING TO BANGKOK (Passengers only)

S.S. "ANHUI" 2 p.m. 27th June
SAILING TO AMOY & SWATOW

S.S. "KWEIYANG" 7 a.m. 23rd June
SAILING TO SINGAPORE & PENANG

S.S. "ANHUI" 3 p.m. 29th June
SAILING TO SINGAPORE (Passengers only)

S.S. "NINGHAI" 4 p.m. 25th June
SAILING TO CANTON

S.S. "FATSHAN" 6 a.m. 23rd June
Subject to alteration without notice.

For Freight and Saloon Passages all lines, please apply to:

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Connaught Road, Central, Telephone 30331 (Private exchange).

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM

NAVIGATION COMPANY

Ship From Due
"TAIPO SHAN" Port Okha & Bombay Discharging
"OTRANTO" U.K. June 21st

"HONG KHEUNG" Bombay July 1st
"SAMVANNAH" Bombay July 4th
"HICKORY MOUNT" U.K. Mid-July

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD

SHIP FROM DUE
"NIDAROS" Calcutta July 2nd.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

Passengers and freight to Australia.

For full particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

SAILING TO PORT SAID, LIVERPOOL VIA STRAITS.
ADRASTUS 25th June
TEUCER 3rd July

SAILING FOR LIVERPOOL VIA N.E.I. STRAITS.
PORT SAID & AMSTERDAM.
LAOMEDON 25th June

VESEL DUE.
MENELAUS from U.K. via Straits early July

For Passage and Freight Particulars apply to:—
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS

Telephone: 30388.

FOTOPRINT

STUDIO SERVICE
AMATEURS' SERVICE
CAMERA EXCHANGE
PHOTO-SUPPLIES

7, D'Aguilar St., H.K. Kowloon Branch:
Tel. 22010 9, Middle Rd., Kow.

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1946.

THE PLACE TO EAT

IS
Jimmy's Kitchen

ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS

Tientsin, June 20.
All traces were lost today of the Panamanian ship "Duchess," which yesterday cut her cables and fled in the direction of Palestine with some 1,300 illegal Jewish refugees on board.
She defied Italian orders to remain in the little port of Yalu, in the Gulf of Genoa.—Reuter.

Stalemate In India

New Delhi, June 20.
Negotiations for setting up an interim government in India appeared today to have reached a stalemate. It is now doubtful whether Congress Working Committee will be able, as was expected, to conclude its discussion today and announce its decision on the British Cabinet Mission's proposals.
Difficulty is being experienced in reconciling the conflicting viewpoints raised by Congress and the Muslim League.
After a two-hour conference this morning between the Viceroy, Field-Marshal Lord Wavell, and the British Cabinet Mission, Sir Stafford Cripps drove to the house of Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, and had a talk with him lasting half an hour.
Azad said afterwards that the parties were striving to overcome their difficulties. He was doubtful whether the Congress Working Committee would be able to conclude its discussions and announce its decision on the Mission's proposals today.
Congress quarters indicated that opinion has widened as a result of the attitude taken by the President of the Muslim League, Mohammad Ali Jinnah, and his letter to the Viceroy saying that the League cannot agree to a Nationalist Muslim being included in the interim government even though he comes off Congress "in the fourteen-man interim government."
The action of the Kashmir Government in banning the entry of Pandit Nehru, Congress Party elect, has caused serious concern among Congress leaders. They are anxiously awaiting news from Kashmir in the hope that the state authorities will not precipitate a crisis. These Congress leaders say that they are unable at this stage to visualise what repercussions the ban may have on the New Delhi negotiations.—Reuter.

Nehru Arrested

Srinagar, June 20.
Pandit Nehru, President-elect of the Congress Party, was arrested this morning at Srinagar, in the state of Kashmir, after defying the ban on his entry into the state. Earlier (see page 6), Nehru was slightly injured by a native soldier's bayonet when he reached the Kashmir border. He had declared that if the ban on his entry was not lifted, he would defy it and walk to Srinagar.
The Bombay stock exchange and cotton markets remained idle as a result of the Kashmir incidents.—Reuter.

MUFTI POPS UP IN CAIRO

(Continued from Page 1)
considered guilty of offences against the Palestine Defence Regulations.
Right Of Asylum
If the Egyptian Government is willing—as it is considered certain to be—to give the Mufti the right of asylum, informed quarters here consider unlikely that Britain could take any effective action.
Britain was unable to secure the extradition of the Mufti from France. With Egypt there is not even an extradition treaty in existence and the danger of adversely influencing negotiations for a revision of the 1936 treaty makes it doubly difficult for Britain to press for the Mufti to be handed over.—Reuter.

"DUFFLE BAG"

"The Duffle Bag" and "Strictly Off the Record" will be presented as usual in the Naafi Club, Kowloon, at 7.15 p.m. today. The programme includes records by the late Glen Miller and by Artie Shaw, Harry James, Tommy Dorsey and vocals by Frank Sinatra, Bing Crosby and Dinah Shore.

Von Papen Could Have Protested To Hitler

Nuernberg, June 20.
Documents submitted by the prosecution today at the War Crimes trial contained new evidence that Baron Von Papen acquiesced in the Nazi persecution of high officials of the Roman Catholic Church, including Cardinal Innitzer of Vienna.
Von Papen was described at the opening of his case as a Catholic aristocrat, whose ancestors had been the bulwark of the Church for a thousand years.

TALK BY FRANCIS WU

Some useful hints on movie photography as a hobby were given by Francis Wu, Hong Kong's leading photographer, in his talk before the Y.A. Men's Club weekly luncheon yesterday afternoon.
Most of the Y.A. men, said the speaker, are keen amateur photographers, and he had been asked very often whether one could produce good movies without a deep knowledge of technicalities. The answer was "No," but there were some suggestions on lighting and composition which could well be capitalised upon.
Mr. Wu gave a description of various kinds of movies, with emphasis on the merits and demerits of each, and important points to remember. He dealt with his subject in some detail, and to illustrate his talk more effectively he exhibited some 30 odd pictures.
Interest was sustained throughout, and on the conclusion of the talk, he was thanked most warmly for the hints and suggestions he made on a hobby so dear to so many of them.

TON OF FOOD AT WEDDING FEAST

Lisbon, June 20.
In this austere and ration-riddled Europe, it is difficult to believe that a banquet such as was held yesterday in a small village in the north of Portugal could really happen.
Two hundred and fifty wedding guests at the marriage of a wealthy landowner's daughter consumed well over a ton of food and wine.
The menu included roasted calf, 16 turkeys, 90 chickens, 170 bottles of white wine, 600 bottles of red wine, 90 bottles of port, 50 bottles of champagne and 30 bottles of liquors.
After the feast, 40 beggars from the district were invited to finish what was left, which apparently was very little.—Reuter.

GOVERNMENT STATEMENT ON "NATIONAL TIMES"

(Continued from Page 1)
"The purpose of the ban was connected solely with the preservation of law and order in the Colony. The Government can have no other policy than to deal summarily with newspapers or persons who publicly advocate disregard of established law."

Canton Reactions

Canton, June 20.
Cheng Hu-sheng, publisher of the "National Times," left here today by air for Nanking to submit a report to the Chinese Ministry of Information.
All newspapers in Kwangtung sent a joint communication to Sir Mark Young, Governor of Hong Kong, requesting him to lift the suspension of the "National Times." Public bodies are meeting here daily to discuss this matter.
General Chang Fah-kwei, director of the Generalissimo's Canton Hqs., said he views the matter seriously and has requested Foreign Commissioner T. W. Kwok to take it up with Hong Kong authorities. Kwok left here yesterday for Hong Kong aboard the a.s. "Sai On," at the same time as the British Consul-General, Mr. Ronald A. Hall.
Word is awaited here as to the reactions of the Ministry of Information in Nanking, as it owns the "National Times" and directs its policy.—Associated Press.

Bing Crosby and Dinah Shore. The programmes will be presented by Cpl. Joe Brerley, LAC, Les Norton, respectively. Records have been lent by the ZBW Record Library and fans of the "Swing Club."

War Damage Payments In Malaya

London, June 20.
Answering a question in the House of Commons today about war damage compensation in Malaya, Mr. George Hall, Colonial Secretary, said that the Secretary of the Claims Commission will be leaving by air early in July to establish the necessary organisation in preparation for the arrival of the Chairman who, it is hoped, will arrive in Malaya in September.
"I will ask the Malayan government to impress on the Malayan people the desirability of making recommendations as rapidly as possible as to any categories of small claims."

Strasser Murder

A grim eye-witness account of the "S.S. murder of a 'well-known person' in the underground vaults of the Gestapo headquarters in Berlin during the purge of 1934 was heard by the court today during the cross-examination of Von Papen.
It was given to Von Papen in February, 1935, by his staff secretary, who was himself arrested by the Gestapo in the purge.
Challenged by the British prosecutor about his professed ignorance of such murders, Von Papen declared that he did not know the identity of the murdered person. "I understand, however, from a reliable source outside court circles that it was Gregor Strasser, at one time a favourite of Hitler and leader of the 'Left-wing' of the Nazi Party."

Von Papen's secretary was sent to a concentration camp, the accused said, but was released later and rejoined Von Papen's service in Vienna.
Von Papen ended his six-hour cross-examination with an outburst at the British prosecutor, saying: "I see that you, Sir David, consider the German nation as a nation of criminals. All I can say is that they are a nation of patriots. Until Munich and until the invasion of Poland even major powers tried to work with them."—Reuter.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS

Arrivals
Yesterday:—S.S. Hastings Park from Takao.
Today:—S.S. Garden Park from Vancouver, S.S. Helikon from Saigon, S.S. Otranto from U.K. and Singapore, U.S. Gerusalemme from Kure, U.S. Marlice (A.O. 58) and H.M.S. Comet from exercises.
Tomorrow:—H.M.S. Trafalgar from Shanghai, S.S. Fort Connolly from Tug St. Aubin from Singapore and S.S. Glenogle from U.K.

Departures

Yesterday:—B.Y.M.S. 2017 and 2153 to sweeping, S.S. Harry Culbreath for U.S.A., S.S. Wing Sang for Singapore.
Today:—H.M.S. Venerable with H.M.S. Leuc for Singapore, H.M.S. Anson for Singapore, H.M.S. Hart with L.C.T. 1241 for Formosa, R.M.S. Whimbrell with Alacrity for Singapore, U.S.S. Currier for Shanghai and B.Y.M.S. 2045 to sweeping.
Tomorrow:—Nil.

BRIDE SHIP

Oalo, June 20.
The steamship George W. Bush, at present lying in Oalo harbour, will carry 141 Norwegian G.I. brides and their children to the United States. Also included among those on board are two Swedish and nine Danish born wives of United States servicemen. The ship sails tomorrow for England.—Reuter.

CHARITY DANCE

A charity dance, organised by the Chinese Women's Association, will be held at the Hong Kong Hotel on Saturday from 8 to 11 p.m. The proceeds will be devoted to the fitting up and maintenance of a nursery for children of working mothers.
Madame Chan Chak, President of Association, will be arriving from Canton today to attend the function, and this evening, it is understood, she will give a broadcast talk over ZER calling for public support for the aims of the Association.—Reuter.

NOT WANTED

London, June 20.
Mr. Fenner Brockway's resignation as political secretary of the Independent Labour Party and editor of its weekly "New Leader" is likely to be the prelude to his return to the Labour Party. At its recent Congress, the Independent Labour Party decided with a narrow majority not to apply for affiliation to the Labour Party.
Such affiliation in any case becomes impossible after the Labour Party's decision to amend its constitution so as to make it impossible to affiliate "parties within a party."—Reuter.

War Damage Payments In Malaya

London, June 20.
Answering a question in the House of Commons today about war damage compensation in Malaya, Mr. George Hall, Colonial Secretary, said that the Secretary of the Claims Commission will be leaving by air early in July to establish the necessary organisation in preparation for the arrival of the Chairman who, it is hoped, will arrive in Malaya in September.
"I will ask the Malayan government to impress on the Malayan people the desirability of making recommendations as rapidly as possible as to any categories of small claims."

No Favouritism

Captain Gimmans, Conservative, who recently returned from Malaya, asked the Colonial Secretary in the House of Commons today what reply he had sent to the memorial of the Junior Civil Services Association.

RELEASE THEM

Jerusalem, June 20.
The Jewish Resistance Movement, in a broadcast over the secret radio "Voice of Israel," appealed to Jewish terrorists to release the six kidnapped British officers as their detention was "contrary to the interests of the nation."
Dark to dawn curfew will be imposed in the Lydda area, including Tel Aviv, tonight.—Reuter.

WIMBLEDON SEEDINGS

London, June 19.
The seedings in the draw for the Wimbledon tennis championships, which begin next Monday, were issued today. Not one British player is seeded in the men's singles event.
The seedings are: Men's singles, No. 1 Dinky Pails of Australia, No. 2 J. Kramer of the United States, No. 3 G. E. Brown of Australia, No. 4 F. Segura of Ecuador, No. 5 Y. F. Franco, No. 6 D. Mitr, No. 7 F. Ponce of Yugoslavia, No. 8 L. Bergelin of Sweden.
The seedings in the women's singles are: No. 1 Miss P. Betz (U.S.A.), No. 2 Miss M. Osborne (U.S.A.), No. 3 Miss L. Brough (U.S.A.), No. 4 Mrs. M. Moniz (Great Britain), No. 5 Miss D. Bundy (U.S.A.), No. 6 Mrs. S. Hart (U.S.A.) and No. 8 Mrs. S. Laffargue (France).
In the men's doubles the seedings are: No. 1 G. E. Brown and D. Pails, No. 2 T. Brown and K. Kramer, No. 3 D. Mitr and F. Ponce, No. 4 F. Segura and Y. F. Franco, No. 5 Mrs. Brough and Miss Osborne, No. 6 Miss Betz and Miss Hart, No. 7 Mrs. Brough and Mrs. Moniz, No. 8 Miss D. Bundy and Mrs. P. C. Todd.
Mixed doubles: No. 1 Harry Hopman (Australia) and Miss Osborne, No. 2 G. E. Brown and Miss Bundy, No. 3 T. Brown and Miss Brough and No. 4 D. Pails and Mrs. Moniz.
Seedling is the process by which the best players in the opinion of the committee are kept apart until the later rounds. An "open" draw might set two potential finalists struggling against each other on the first day.
In the last championships in 1939, America supplied all the winners, none of whom are competing this time.—Reuter.

EXHIBITION TENNIS

The charity exhibition games in aid of St. Dunstan and the Rehabilitation Fund will be played today and tomorrow on the Hong Kong Cricket Club ground starting at 4 p.m.
The following is the programme:
Today:—Tsui Wai-pui v. Kong; Tsui Yan-pui v. Harman. Exhibition doubles: Albert Szeto and S. A. Rumjahn v. L. Goldman and M. Pagh.
Tomorrow:—Tsui Yan-pui v. Kong; Tsui Wai-pui v. Harman; Tsui Yan-pui and Tsui Wai-pui v. Harman and Kong.
All matches are best of three sets.
If time permits, another exhibition doubles will be staged on Saturday.

Sport Gossip

London, June 20.
The Marylebone Cricket Club has invited Major R. Howard, Lancashire Cricket Club secretary, to accompany the England touring team to Australia as manager, subject to his committee's concurrence.—Reuter.

No Play

London, June 19.
Owing to rain no play was possible in the London grass courts tennis championships at Queen's Club today.
In order to make up for lost time tomorrow, the successful players will be asked to play twice.—Reuter.

SPORTS SECTION

Louis Still Champion

New York, June 20.
At the New York Yankee Stadium, Joe Louis retained his title last night in a dull bout, knocking out his challenger, Billy Conn, in the eighth round of the scheduled 15-round contest.
Louis won five rounds, with two even. The end came 2 minutes and 19 seconds after the start of the eighth round.
Conn's campaign seemed to be to keep away from the champion until he tired. He kept circling around and hardly landed a blow until the seventh round. Suddenly, the "Brown Bomber" caught him with a sharp left uppercut which sent him reeling. Conn tried to clinch but Louis with a sharp right and left to the head put him down for good.
After the match, Conn tried to smile for his fans as he forced back tears.
"I am quitting the ring," he said. "They are not going to kill me or knock me pinchy. I know I just don't seem to have what it takes to beat Louis."

FRIAR'S FANCY WINS ROYAL HUNT CUP

Ascot, June 19.
Another huge crowd, including the King and Princess Elizabeth, attended the second day of Ascot Week in torrential rain to see Mr. Oliver Watney's five-year-old Friar's Fancy win the coveted Royal Hunt Cup.
Friar's Fancy, starting second favourite at 15 to 2, won in the easiest possible fashion. Slide On was second and Poolfix, the topweight, third in a field of 16. The placed horses, both Irish, were each at 100 to 8. The favourite, Joan's Star, at 7 to 1 ran nowhere.
Racegoers saw a really brilliant performance by racing away from the field at the start but in the short sprint he was beaten by Friar's Fancy, who came through easily to finish three lengths in front of Slide On, with Poolfix two lengths further back.
Joan's Star had every chance but was beaten close to home. The favourite was the first to show out in front but at half way Friar's Fancy took over, challenged by Slide On.
Joan's Star came again under pressure two furlongs from home with Poolfix fast improving. With a furlong to go, all were obviously tiring except Friar's Fancy which kept plugging along for a comfortable victory.

RADIO

FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1946.
FORCES REQUEST HOUR
Z.B.W. HONG KONG broadcasting on frequency of 845 kilocycles and from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m., 6.30 to 7.30 p.m., 8.00 to 8.15 p.m., and 9.15 to 11.00 p.m., also on 9.52 Megacycles.
H.K.T. 12.30 p.m.—"Daily Programme Summary."
12.32 p.m.—"Leader & Follower"—Variety.
1.00 p.m.—News, Weather Forecast & Announcements.
1.10 p.m.—"Hawley & Landauer on Two Pianos."
1.30 p.m.—"March Weber's Orchestra."
2.00 p.m.—"Close Down."
2.30 p.m.—"Harry James & His Orchestra with The Andrews Sisters."
3.00 p.m.—"Light & Shade."
3.25 p.m.—"Instrumental Interlude."
3.50 p.m.—"Victor, Herbert & His Music."
4.00 p.m.—"London Relay—News."
4.15 p.m.—"Serenade to the Stars"—ENSA.
4.30 p.m.—"Forces Request Hour."
4.50 p.m.—"New Mixture"—Music & Songs of the Sea.
5.15 p.m.—"Music for Dancing."
5.30 p.m.—"London Relay—News."
5.45 p.m.—"Music for Dancing (Cont.)."
6.00 p.m.—"The Mikado—An Abridged Version of Gilbert and Sullivan's Light Opera."
6.10 p.m.—"Close Down."
Programmes marked ENSA are recorded specially for Services Entertainment by the Department of National Services Entertainment.
Radio SEAC
Radio SEAC, Ceylon, the Services station, broadcasting on a frequency of 15120 Kcs. (19.83 metres) from 0600 to 1715; 0075 (49.38 metres) from 0600 to 1000; 1745 from 1745 to 2230, and 3395 Kcs. (88.36 metres) from 1630 to 2230.
Items marked * are produced by Overseas Recorded Broadcast Casting Service, and items marked ** London Transcription Service.
FRIDAY, JUNE 21st—0600 Music On The Air; 0630 BBC News and Home News from Britain (BBC); 0645 Morning Star; 0700 Variety from London (BBC); 0730 Light Musical Programme (BBC); 0800 The News, and From Today's Papers (BBC); 0810 Programme Announcements; 0815 Variety from London (Vic Oliver) (BBC); 0845 Accent On Rhythm (BBC); 0900 Forces Educational Broadcast; 0920 Interlude; 0930 The News and Home News (BBC); 0940 Programme Announcements; 0945 International Celebrity; 1000 Bright and Shining (BBC); 1020 Music From The Ballet; 1100 News Headlines; 1101 Music From The Movies; 1150 They Missed The Parade; 1200 News Headlines; 1201 Sports Pictures; 1215 Heard Melodies Are Sweet; 1300 Eric Winslow and Orchestra; 1330 The News (BBC); 1340 Bandstand; 1400 What's Who—In Tadio; 1430 Strictly Sentimental; 1500 Army Radio Orchestra; 1530 Wandering Minstrel; 1600 Best Sellers; 1630 The News and Home News (BBC); 1645 Keyboard Club; 1715 India and Ceylon Half Hour; 1745 Military Band; 1800 Radio SEAC World and Home News Flash; 1805 Yours For The Asking; 1807 Radio SEAC's Hospital Magazine; 1945 The Burns Swine Session; 2015 Friday's Child; 2030 Radio Newsweek (BBC); 2045 Programme Announcements; 2050 Forces Favourites (BBC); 2150 The News and From Today's Papers (BBC); 2145 World Affairs—Wickham's Stock (BBC); 2200 Shipmates Ashore (BBC); 2230 Close Down.

SPORTS SECTION

Louis Still Champion

New York, June 20.
At the New York Yankee Stadium, Joe Louis retained his title last night in a dull bout, knocking out his challenger, Billy Conn, in the eighth round of the scheduled 15-round contest.
Louis won five rounds, with two even. The end came 2 minutes and 19 seconds after the start of the eighth round.
Conn's campaign seemed to be to keep away from the champion until he tired. He kept circling around and hardly landed a blow until the seventh round. Suddenly, the "Brown Bomber" caught him with a sharp left uppercut which sent him reeling. Conn tried to clinch but Louis with a sharp right and left to the head put him down for good.
After the match, Conn tried to smile for his fans as he forced back tears.
"I am quitting the ring," he said. "They are not going to kill me or knock me pinchy. I know I just don't seem to have what it takes to beat Louis."

FRIAR'S FANCY WINS ROYAL HUNT CUP

Ascot, June 19.
Another huge crowd, including the King and Princess Elizabeth, attended the second day of Ascot Week in torrential rain to see Mr. Oliver Watney's five-year-old Friar's Fancy win the coveted Royal Hunt Cup.
Friar's Fancy, starting second favourite at 15 to 2, won in the easiest possible fashion. Slide On was second and Poolfix, the topweight, third in a field of 16. The placed horses, both Irish, were each at 100 to 8. The favourite, Joan's Star, at 7 to 1 ran nowhere.
Racegoers saw a really brilliant performance by racing away from the field at the start but in the short sprint he was beaten by Friar's Fancy, who came through easily to finish three lengths in front of Slide On, with Poolfix two lengths further back.
Joan's Star had every chance but was beaten close to home. The favourite was the first to show out in front but at half way Friar's Fancy took over, challenged by Slide On.
Joan's Star came again under pressure two furlongs from home with Poolfix fast improving. With a furlong to go, all were obviously tiring except Friar's Fancy which kept plugging along for a comfortable victory.

RADIO

FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1946.
FORCES REQUEST HOUR
Z.B.W. HONG KONG broadcasting on frequency of 845 kilocycles and from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m., 6.30 to 7.30 p.m., 8.00 to 8.15 p.m., and 9.15 to 11.00 p.m., also on 9.52 Megacycles.
H.K.T. 12.30 p.m.—"Daily Programme Summary."
12.32 p.m.—"Leader & Follower"—Variety.
1.00 p.m.—News, Weather Forecast & Announcements.
1.10 p.m.—"Hawley & Landauer on Two Pianos."
1.30 p.m.—"March Weber's Orchestra."
2.00 p.m.—"Close Down."
2.30 p.m.—"Harry James & His Orchestra with The Andrews Sisters."
3.00 p.m.—"Light & Shade."
3.25 p.m.—"Instrumental Interlude."
3.50 p.m.—"Victor, Herbert & His Music."
4.00 p.m.—"London Relay—News."
4.15 p.m.—"Serenade to the Stars"—ENSA.
4.30 p.m.—"Forces Request Hour."
4.50 p.m.—"New Mixture"—Music & Songs of the Sea.
5.15 p.m.—"Music for Dancing."
5.30 p.m.—"London Relay—News."
5.45 p.m.—"Music for Dancing (Cont.)."
6.00 p.m.—"The Mikado—An Abridged Version of Gilbert and Sullivan's Light Opera."
6.10 p.m.—"Close Down."
Programmes marked ENSA are recorded specially for Services Entertainment by the Department of National Services Entertainment.

WIMBLEDON SEEDINGS

London, June 19.
The seedings in the draw for the Wimbledon tennis championships, which begin next Monday, were issued today. Not one British player is seeded in the men's singles event.
The seedings are: Men's singles, No. 1 Dinky Pails of Australia, No. 2 J. Kramer of the United States, No. 3 G. E. Brown of Australia, No. 4 F. Segura of Ecuador, No. 5 Y. F. Franco, No. 6 D. Mitr, No. 7 F. Ponce of Yugoslavia, No. 8 L. Bergelin of Sweden.
The seedings in the women's singles are: No. 1 Miss P. Betz (U.S.A.), No. 2 Miss M. Osborne (U.S.A.), No. 3 Miss L. Brough (U.S.A.), No. 4 Mrs. M. Moniz (Great Britain), No. 5 Miss D. Bundy (U.S.A.), No. 6 Mrs. S. Hart (U.S.A.) and No. 8 Mrs. S. Laffargue (France).
In the men's doubles the seedings are: No. 1 G. E. Brown and D. Pails, No. 2 T. Brown and K. Kramer, No. 3 D. Mitr and F. Ponce, No. 4 F. Segura and Y. F. Franco, No. 5 Mrs. Brough and Miss Osborne, No. 6 Miss Betz and Miss Hart, No. 7 Mrs. Brough and Mrs. Moniz, No. 8 Miss D. Bundy and Mrs. P. C. Todd.
Mixed doubles: No. 1 Harry Hopman (Australia) and Miss Osborne, No. 2 G. E. Brown and Miss Bundy, No. 3 T. Brown and Miss Brough and No. 4 D. Pails and Mrs. Moniz.
Seedling is the process by which the best players in the opinion of the committee are kept apart until the later rounds. An "open" draw might set two potential finalists struggling against each other on the first day.
In the last championships in 1939, America supplied all the winners, none of whom are competing this time.—Reuter.

EXHIBITION TENNIS

The charity exhibition games in aid of St. Dunstan and the Rehabilitation Fund will be played today and tomorrow on the Hong Kong Cricket Club ground starting at 4 p.m.
The following is the programme:
Today:—Tsui Wai-pui v. Kong; Tsui Yan-pui v. Harman. Exhibition doubles: Albert Szeto and S. A. Rumjahn v. L. Goldman and M. Pagh.
Tomorrow:—Tsui Yan-pui v. Kong; Tsui Wai-pui v. Harman; Tsui Yan-pui and Tsui Wai-pui v. Harman and Kong.
All matches are best of three sets.
If time permits, another exhibition doubles will be staged on Saturday.

Sport Gossip

London, June 20.
The Marylebone Cricket Club has invited Major R. Howard, Lancashire Cricket Club secretary, to accompany the England touring team to Australia as manager, subject to his committee's concurrence.—Reuter.

No Play

London, June 19.
Owing to rain no play was possible in the London grass courts tennis championships at Queen's Club today.
In order to make up for lost time tomorrow, the successful players will be asked to play twice.—Reuter.

SPORTS SECTION

Louis Still Champion

New York, June 20.
At the New York Yankee Stadium, Joe Louis retained his title last night in a dull bout, knocking out his challenger, Billy Conn, in the eighth round of the scheduled 15-round contest.
Louis won five rounds, with two even. The end came 2 minutes and 19 seconds after the start of the eighth round.
Conn's campaign seemed to be to keep away from the champion until he tired. He kept circling around and hardly landed a blow until the seventh round. Suddenly, the "Brown Bomber" caught him with a sharp left uppercut which sent him reeling. Conn tried to clinch but Louis with a sharp right and left to the head put him down for good.
After the match, Conn tried to smile for his fans as he forced back tears.
"I am quitting the ring," he said. "They are not going to kill me or knock me pinchy. I know I just don't seem to have what it takes to beat Louis."

FRIAR'S FANCY WINS ROYAL HUNT CUP

Ascot, June 19.
Another huge crowd, including the King and Princess Elizabeth, attended the second day of Ascot Week in torrential rain to see Mr. Oliver Watney's five-year-old Friar's Fancy win the coveted Royal Hunt Cup.
Friar's Fancy, starting second favourite at 15 to 2, won in the easiest possible fashion. Slide On was second and Poolfix, the topweight, third in a field of 16. The placed horses, both Irish, were each at 100 to 8. The favourite, Joan's Star, at 7 to 1 ran nowhere.
Racegoers saw a really brilliant performance by racing away from the field at the start but in the short sprint he was beaten by Friar's Fancy, who came through easily to finish three lengths in front of Slide On, with Poolfix two lengths further back.
Joan's Star had every chance but was beaten close to home. The favourite was the first to show out in front but at half way Friar's Fancy took over, challenged by Slide On.
Joan's Star came again under pressure two furlongs from home with Poolfix fast improving. With a furlong to go, all were obviously tiring except Friar's Fancy which kept plugging along for a comfortable victory.

RADIO

FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1946.
FORCES REQUEST HOUR
Z.B.W. HONG KONG broadcasting on frequency of 845 kilocycles and from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m., 6.30 to 7.30 p.m., 8.00 to 8.15 p.m., and 9.15 to 11.00 p.m., also on 9.52 Megacycles.
H.K.T. 12.30 p.m.—"Daily Programme Summary."
12.32 p.m.—"Leader & Follower"—Variety.
1.00 p.m.—News, Weather Forecast & Announcements.
1.10 p.m.—"Hawley & Landauer on Two Pianos."
1.30 p.m.—"March Weber's Orchestra."
2.00 p.m.—"Close Down."
2.30 p.m.—"Harry James & His Orchestra with The Andrews Sisters."
3.00 p.m.—"Light & Shade."
3.25 p.m.—"Instrumental Interlude."
3.50 p.m.—"Victor, Herbert & His Music."
4.00 p.m.—"London Relay—News."
4.15 p.m.—"Serenade to the Stars"—ENSA.
4.30 p.m.—"Forces Request Hour."
4.50 p.m.—"New Mixture"—Music & Songs of the Sea.
5.15 p.m.—"Music for Dancing."
5.30 p.m.—"London Relay—News."
5.45 p.m.—"Music for Dancing (Cont.)."
6.00 p.m.—"The Mikado—An Abridged Version of Gilbert and Sullivan's Light Opera."
6.10 p.m.—"Close Down."
Programmes marked ENSA are recorded specially for Services Entertainment by the Department of National Services Entertainment.

WIMBLEDON SEEDINGS

London, June 19.
The seedings in the draw for the Wimbledon tennis championships, which begin next Monday, were issued today. Not one British player is seeded in the men's singles event.
The seedings are: Men's singles, No. 1 Dinky Pails of Australia, No. 2 J. Kramer of the United States, No. 3 G. E. Brown of Australia, No. 4 F. Segura of Ecuador, No. 5 Y. F. Franco, No. 6 D. Mitr, No. 7 F. Ponce of Yugoslavia, No. 8 L. Bergelin of Sweden.
The seedings in the women's singles are: No. 1 Miss P. Betz (U.S.A.), No. 2 Miss M. Osborne (U.S.A.), No. 3 Miss L. Brough (U.S.A.), No. 4 Mrs. M. Moniz (Great Britain), No. 5 Miss D. Bundy (U.S.A.), No. 6 Mrs. S. Hart (U.S.A.) and No. 8 Mrs. S. Laffargue (France).
In the men's doubles the seedings are: No. 1 G. E. Brown and D. Pails, No. 2 T. Brown and K. Kramer, No. 3 D. Mitr and F. Ponce, No. 4 F. Segura and Y. F. Franco, No. 5 Mrs. Brough and Miss Osborne, No. 6 Miss Betz and Miss Hart, No. 7 Mrs. Brough and Mrs. Moniz, No. 8 Miss D. Bundy and Mrs. P. C. Todd.
Mixed doubles: No. 1 Harry Hopman (Australia) and Miss Osborne, No. 2 G. E. Brown and Miss Bundy, No. 3 T. Brown and Miss Brough and No. 4 D. Pails and Mrs. Moniz.
Seedling is the process by which the best players in the opinion of the committee are kept apart until the later rounds. An "open" draw might set two potential finalists struggling against each other on the first day.
In the last championships in 1939, America supplied all the winners, none of whom are competing this time.—Reuter.

EXHIBITION TENNIS

The charity exhibition games in aid of St. Dunstan and the Rehabilitation Fund will be played today and tomorrow on the Hong Kong Cricket Club ground starting at 4 p.m.
The following is the programme:
Today:—Tsui Wai-pui v. Kong; Tsui Yan-pui v. Harman. Exhibition doubles: Albert Szeto and S. A. Rumjahn v. L. Goldman and M. Pagh.
Tomorrow:—Tsui Yan-pui v. Kong; Tsui Wai-pui v. Harman; Tsui Yan-pui and Tsui Wai-pui v. Harman and Kong.
All matches are best of three sets.
If time permits, another exhibition doubles will be staged on Saturday.

SPORTS SECTION

Louis Still Champion

New York, June 20.
At the New York Yankee Stadium, Joe Louis retained